COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018



Prepared by the Caswell County Finance Department

Gwendolyn Vaughn, Finance Director

County of Caswell County

144 Court Square Post Office Box 98 Yanceyville, North Carolina 27379

336/694-4193

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	F 177	
Letter of Transmittal	Exhibit	<u>Page</u> 1-4
		5
Caswell County Government		
List of Principal Officials		6
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report		7-9
Management's Discussion and Analysis		10-18
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:		
Statement of Net Position	1	19
Statement of Activities	2	20
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:		
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	3	21
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	3a	22
Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds	4	23
Reconciliation Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	4a	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual - General Fund and Special Fire District Fund	5	25
Statement of Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	6	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Position- Proprietary	7	27
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	8	28-29
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	9	30
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		31-66
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA		
Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset (LGERS)	A-1	67
Schedule of County Contributions (LGERS)	A-2	68
Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset (LGERS)	A-3	69
Schedule of County Contributions (ROD)	A-4	70
Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability (LEO)	A-5	71

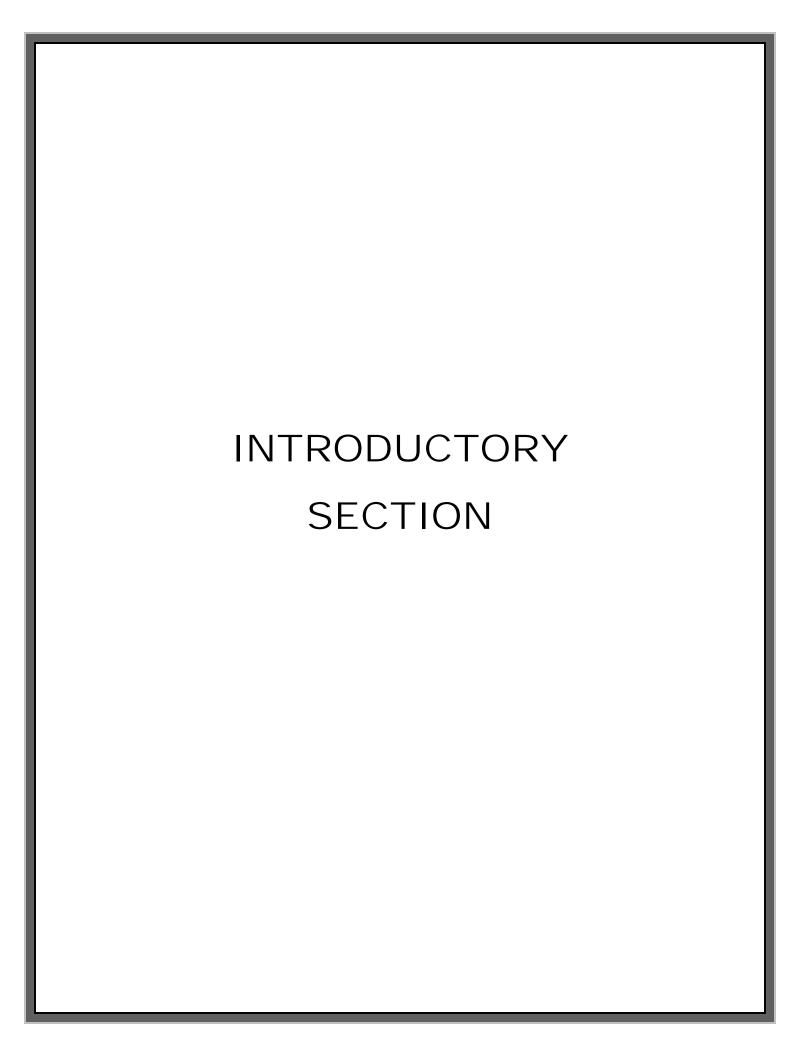
Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (LEO)	A-6	72
Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	A-7	73
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES		
Major Governmental Funds		
General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	B-1	74-81
Revaluation Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	B-2	82
Capital Reserve Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	B-3	83
Library Development Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	B-4	84
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds	C-1	85
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds	C-2	86
Special Fire District Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	C-3	87
Emergency Telephone System Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	C-4	88-89
Revolving Loan Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	C-5	90
Special Grants Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	C-6	91
Scattered Site Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	C-7	92

	County Building Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	C-8	93
	Equipment and Automation Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	C-9	94
	School Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	C-10	95
	Courthouse HVAC Project Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	C-11	96
	Enterprise Funds		
	Solid Waste Fund - Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	D-1	97
	Caswell Department of Transportation Fund - Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	D-2	98
	Agency Funds		
	Trust and Agency Fund - Combining Statement of Net Position	E-1	99
	Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Agency Funds	E-2	100
OTH	IER SCHEDULES		
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	F-1	101
	Analysis of Current Tax Levy-County-wide Levy	F-2	102
	STATISTICAL SECTION		
		Table	
	Net Position by Components	1	103
	Changes in Net Position	2	104-105
	Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Sources	3	106
	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	4	107
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	5	108
	Assessed Value of Taxable Property	6	109

STATISTICAL SECTION (continued) Direct and Overlapping Governments 7 110 8 111 Principal Property Taxpayers Property Tax Levies and Collections 9 112 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type 10 113 Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding 114 11 Legal Debt Margin Information 12 115 Demographic and Economic Statistics 13 116 Principal Employers 14 117 Full-Time Equivalent County Employees by Function 15 118 Operating Indicators by Function 16 119 Capital Assets Statistics by Function 17 120 **COMPLIANCE SECTION** Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial 121-122 Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Reporting on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal 123-124 Control Over Compliance In Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act Reporting on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major State Program and Internal 125-126 Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs 127-129 Corrective Action Plan 130 Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings 131

132-135

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards





144 Court Square, Yanceyville, NC 27379

www.caswellcountync.gov
336/694-4193

November 30, 2018

To the Board of County Commissioners and The Citizens of Caswell County, North Carolina

It is my pleasure to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Caswell County, North Carolina for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. North Carolina State law requires all general-purpose local governments to publish each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements. The financial statements must be presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This report complies with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect County assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of the internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams and Co. P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader, federal and state mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These auditor reports are available in the Compliance section of this report.

GAAP requirements specify that management provide a narrative, introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Some information traditionally reported in the letter of transmittal is now included in the MD&A as required. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

The County

Caswell County, founded in 1777, is located in the north central Piedmont region of North Carolina, along the Virginia border. Approximately 22,646 people live in the small towns and communities of Caswell. The Town of Yanceyville, incorporated in 1986, is the County seat and largest municipality, with a population of approximately 2,039. The Town of Milton, which celebrated its bicentennial in 1996 as one of the oldest incorporated towns in the nation, has a current population of approximately 166. The balance of the County residents resides in unincorporated communities.

Caswell County takes great pride in its agricultural heritage and rich historical traditions. The County is renowned as the birthplace of "Bright Leaf" tobacco and has one of the finest antebellum courthouses in the southeast. The Thomas Day House, home of the renowned 19th century cabinet and furniture maker is located in Milton. Caswell County also has one of the finest civic centers of any rural county in the state, and features an annual performing arts series with national touring performances of Broadway shows, musicals, and plays.

Governmental Structure

Caswell County has a Commissioner/Manager form of government. The seven members of the Board of Commissioners are elected to staggered four-year terms. Five of the seven are elected by district, and the remaining two are elected by the population at large. The Board of Commissioners holds policy-making and legislative authority.

The County provides a full range of services including public safety, social services, health services, emergency medical services, cultural and recreational activities, general administration, and others. In addition to these general government functions, the County also provides solid waste management services and transportation support. The Board of Commissioners also extends financial support to certain agencies and groups who are involved in serving our citizens. Among them are the Caswell County Board of Education, Piedmont Community College, volunteer fire departments, the Piedmont Triad Partnership (a regional economic development organization), the Piedmont Triad Council of Governments, and Caswell Parish.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

During the past year Caswell County has realized no major economic change. Statistical data from the North Carolina Rural Economic Development Center supports a slight reduction in overall population.

The most recent data indicated median household income at \$40,570 compared to the state at \$48,256 according to US Census Bureau and FRED Economic Data statistics.

Employment categories include government, education, health care and social assistance, private industry, construction and retail trade. State and local government has the largest number of employees collectively, totaling over 800 workers. Other major employers employee about 630 workers. A variety of food service chains, local restaurants and private employers generally employ between 75-100 workers. The most significant impact of the lack of industry in the County is that a large percentage of the County's workforce is forced to commute outside of the County to work.

The County's unemployment rate for June 2018 was 4.8%, while reported at 4.5% for June 2017 according to FRED Economic Data reports

The County's tax base is the primary source of local revenue along with the state sales and use tax distributions.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Management Policies

The County continues to monitor resources and target program efficiency and cost control efforts, allowing the County to maintain a strong financial position and make progress toward improvements. It is believed that changes in the economic environment in the area and the diligent management of the County costs and services will provide ongoing financial stability and fiscal capacity. Management continues working with departments to maximize cost to continue services to citizens of Caswell. Maintaining a stable fund balance continues to be a top priority; to ensure adequate reserves to fund projects, capital needs and keep the tax rate at a necessary funding level.

Major initiatives

Economic development continues to be a key focus over the next several years. The County has partnered with Piedmont Community College to employee an Economic Developer and Small Business Center Director. This effort is expected to

assist in initiatives to expand the County's Industrial Park along the US Highway 29 corridor and developing the existing acreage in the Caswell Industrial Park with agriculturally focused education and business new construction. Concurrent with that; our focus is on the development of small commercial businesses within the County. This is occurring though the renovation of two separate building which will be connected into a 9,000 sq. ft. co-working space designed to help entrepreneurs with internet access/speed and office space in a collaborative environment.

With the approval of a bond referendum, Caswell County will begin the construction process of a new High School this year. Funding is made possible by a 15 million dollar grant through the Department of Public Instruction to the Caswell County Board of Education, 3 million from the Board of Education, and the issuance of 18.5 million dollars of General Obligation Bonds, totaling 36.5 million dollars.

As the Caswell County Board of Commissioners continues to implement the Comprehensive Plan, opportunity for community development, growth strategies, goals and policies are expected to help stimulate the economy of the County. Like many North Carolina counties, Caswell continues to be faced with budgetary restraints. Property tax collections remain a high priority with a stable collection rate above 98%. Sales & Use tax revenues show a minor increase while sales & services and permits and fees remain moderate.

Short and Long Term Financial Planning

The County's Comprehensive Plan is used as a guide for making strategic decisions for orderly growth and economic development.

The fiscal year 2018-2019 budget was adopted with an ad valorem tax rate of \$0.7090. Some major features of the 2018-2019 budget include:

- An ad valorem tax rate of \$0.7090 per \$100 valuation. A Fire Service District has been established with a tax rate of \$0.0369 per \$100 valuation; the same as Casville Special Fire District.
- The Solid Waste Management fee remained the same at \$44 per household.
- The budget does not include Phase II of the Countywide Pay and Class Plan.
- The Public Library Expansion Project is underway with the target completion in April 2019.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Awards and Accomplishments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Caswell County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The County also received this award for the fiscal years ended June 30, 1997 through 2015. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In summary, this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report provides a source of information to citizens, the Board of Commissioners, other governmental agencies, investors and creditors, all of who rely upon it for decision making and the opportunity to learn more about Caswell County's financial condition.

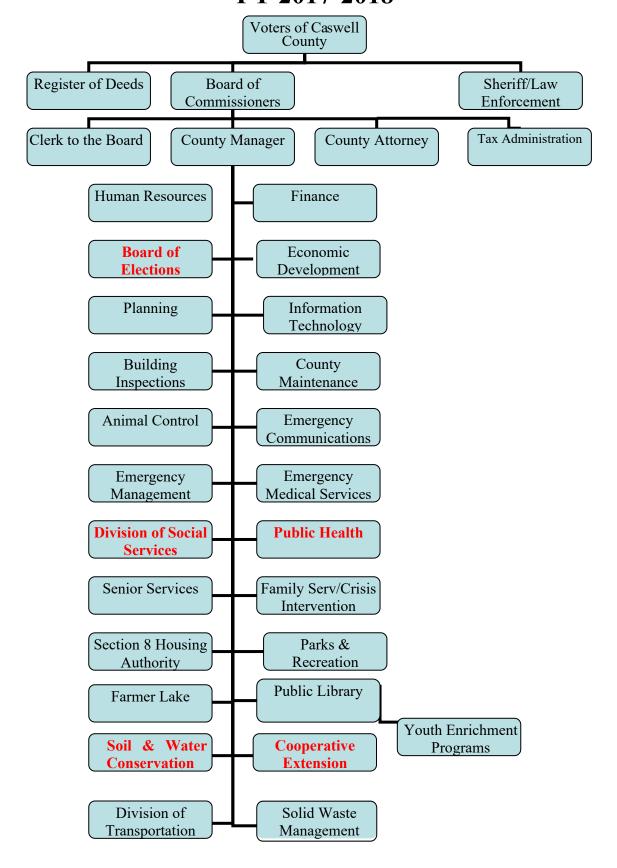
Sincere appreciation is expressed to the Finance Department staff and Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams and Co. P.A., in the preparation of this report. We also express our gratitude to the Board of Commissioners for their continued support and guidance throughout the past fiscal year.

Respectfully submitted,

Bryan S. MillerBryan S. Miller, County Manager

Gwendolyn Y. Vaughn Gwendolyn Y. Vaughn, Finance Director

CASWELL COUNTY ORGANIZATION CHART FY 2017-2018



CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

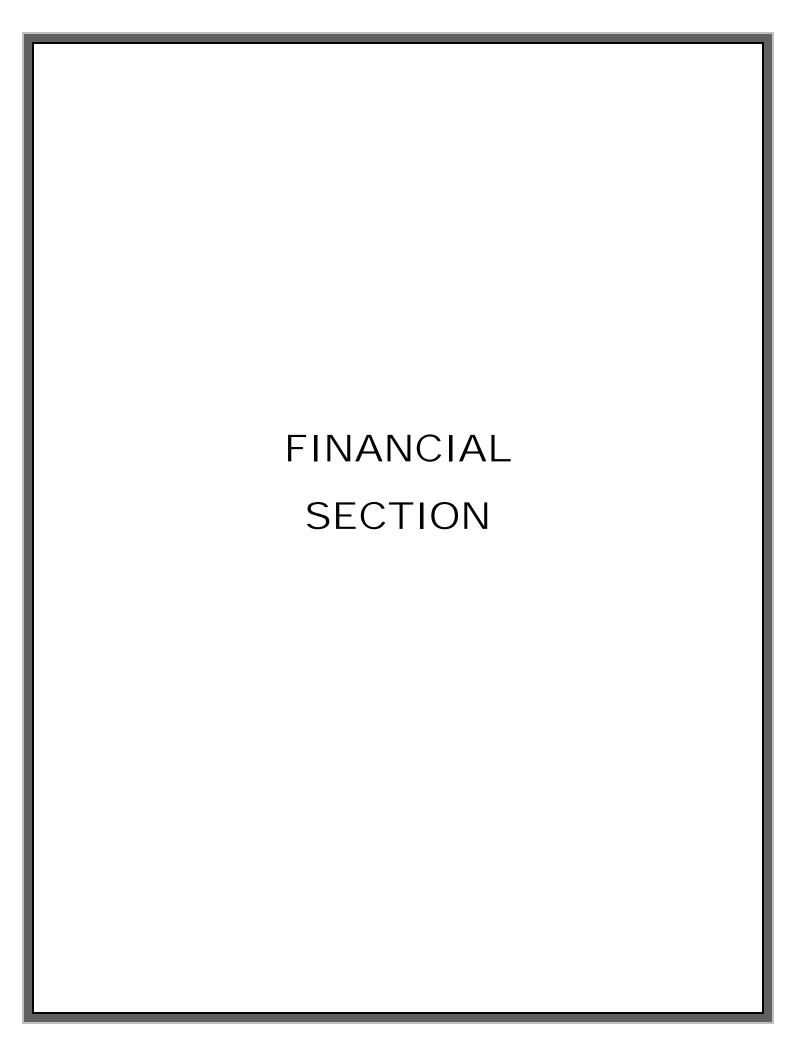
List of Principal Officers June 30, 2018

County Commissioners

Nathaniel Hall, Chairman
Rick McVey, Vice Chairman
Jeremiah Jefferies
Kenneth Travis
David Owen
William E. Carter
Sterling Carter

County Officials

Bryan S. Miller	County Manager
Dr. Sandra Carter	Superintendent of Schools
John I. Satterfield	Clerk of Court
Gwendolyn Y. Vaughn	Finance Director
Ginny S. Mitchell	Register of Deeds
Thomas C. Bernard	Tax Director
Tony Durden	Sheriff
Brian M. Ferrell	County Attorney



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co, P.A.



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> Alan W. Thompson, CPA R. Bryon Scott, CPA Gregory S. Adams, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of County Commissioners Caswell County Yanceyville, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Caswell County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise Caswell County basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements bases on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Caswell County ABC Board, which represents 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Caswell County ABC Board, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Caswell County ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based upon our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presents component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information Caswell County, North Carolina as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Government Employees' Retirement Schedules of the County's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset and County Contributions, the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Schedule of County Contributions, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll, and the Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on pages 10 through 18 and 67 through 73, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Caswell County, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2018 on our consideration of Caswell County internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Caswell County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thompson, Dice, Scott, adams & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Whiteville, NC November 30, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

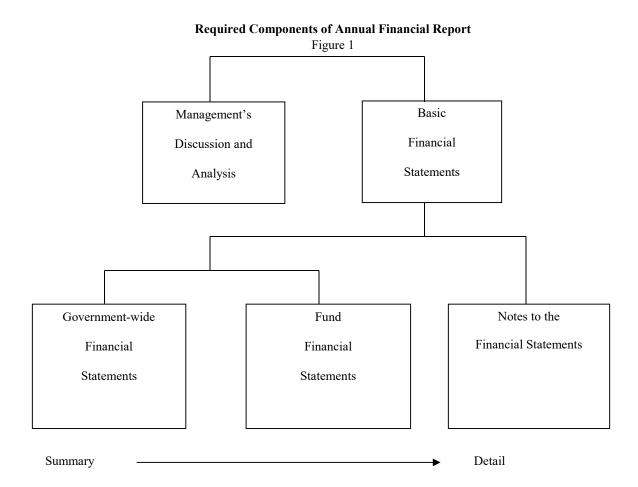
As management of Caswell County, we offer readers of Caswell County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Caswell County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Caswell County primary governmental activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$18,361,935 (net position).
- The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of Caswell County's governmental activities exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$17,013,757 (net position).
- The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of Caswell County's business-type activities exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$1,348,178 (net position).
- The government's current net position increased by \$547,196. This increase was a result of an increase of \$897,275 in governmental activities and a decrease of \$350,079 in business-type activities. The County also recorded a restatement of beginning net position that resulted in a decrease of \$1,392,008 and \$87,860 in the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. This restatement was a result of the implementation of GASB 75.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Caswell County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,147,660; an increase of \$404,255 in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 50.51 percent of this total amount or, \$3,505,819 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,651,412 or 13.50 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- Caswell County's total debt decreased by \$915,766 or 10.67 percent during the current fiscal year.
- The County's overall tax rate for the current fiscal year is 0.7459 cents per \$100 valuation. This rate includes 0.0369 cents per \$100 valuation for the Fire Service District.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Caswell County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Caswell County.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the enterprise fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's non-major governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes can also be found in this part of the statements. Following the non-major governmental funds are the Enterprise Funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. After the Enterprise funds are the Agency Funds. Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals and local governments. Following the Agency funds are other schedules. These schedules contain additional information required on property taxes.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the total of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the County's basic services such as public safety, human services, parks and recreation, education, and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, and state and federal grant funds finance the majority of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. This includes the solid waste services and transportation offered by Caswell County. The final category is the component units. The Caswell County ABC Board is a discretely presented component unit. The members of the governing body are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by state statute to distribute its surpluses to the general fund of the County.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Caswell County, like other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Caswell County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which provides a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

Caswell County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to fund them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences is reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary status.

Proprietary Funds – Caswell County has one kind of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Caswell County uses an enterprise funds to account for its solid waste management and transportation operations. These funds are the same as those separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Caswell County has four fiduciary funds and three agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 31 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Caswell County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 67 - 73 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$18,361,935 as of June 30, 2018. The County's net position increased by \$547,196 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. One of the largest portions, \$15,784,898 (85.97%) reflects the County's net investment in capital assets. Caswell County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Caswell County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of Caswell County's net position \$2,980,028 (16.23%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining deficit balance of \$402,991 (-2.19%) is unrestricted.

Caswell County's Net Position Figure 2

	Governmental				Busir	iess-	type						
	Activities			Ac	tiviti	es		Tot	tal				
	2018			2017	2018		2017		2018		2017		
Current and other assets	\$	8,834,392	\$	7,913,418	\$ 1,010,356	\$	1,413,204	\$	9,844,748	\$	9,326,622		
Capital assets	-	22,147,749	•	22,248,192	683,755	-	624,618	•	22,831,504	•	22,872,810		
Total assets		30,982,141		30,161,610	1,694,111		2,037,822		32,676,252		32,199,432		
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,031,429		2,478,192	55,358		65,753	2,086,787			2,543,945			
Long-term liabilities outstanding		12,980,586		12,789,626	321,805		253,303		13,302,391		13,042,929		
Other liabilities		2,742,678		2,154,365	68,955		60,797		2,811,633		2,215,162		
Total liabilities		15,723,263		14,943,991	390,760		314,100		16,114,023		15,258,091		
Total deferred inflows of resources		276,550		187,321	10,531		3,359		287,081		190,680		
Net position:													
Net investment in capital assets		15,101,143		14,471,590	683,755		624,618		15,784,898		15,096,208		
Restricted		3,016,482		1,849,355	-		-		3,016,482		1,849,355		
Unrestricted		(1,103,868)		1,187,545	664,423 1,161,498				(439,445)		2,349,043		
Total net position	\$	17,013,757	\$	17,508,490	\$ 1,348,178	\$	1,786,116	\$	18,361,935	\$	19,294,606		

Caswell County, along with many other countries in North Carolina, funds school facilities that become assets of the school district and community college facilities that become property of the community college, through the issuance of debt. General Obligation Bonds have been issued by the County to fund the majority of the costs of these assets. The County's liabilities at June 30, 2018 include outstanding general obligation debt of \$630,309 related to funding these non-county assets. This represents 100% of the County's outstanding General obligation debt. Because the County does not retain the related assets, this debt liability (less any unspent proceeds) reduces the County's net position and presents a less favorable picture as compared to governments that do not extensively fund the capital of other government entities.

Several particular aspects of the County's financial operations contributed to the decrease in the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Construction of library facilities.
- Restatement of fund balance as a result of the implementation of GASB 75.

Caswell County's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Gove	rnmental	Busin	ness-type		
	Act	tivities	Ac	tivities	То	tal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 3,273,417	\$ 2,915,018	\$ 1,009,215	\$ 1,224,855	\$ 4,282,632	\$ 4,139,873
contributions	6,032,515	5,993,590	-	-	6,032,515	5,993,590
Capital grants and contributions	530,000	382,263	-	-	530,000	382,263
General revenues:						
Property taxes	12,833,668	11,535,534	-	-	12,833,668	11,535,534
Sales taxes	4,503,682	4,258,419	-	-	4,503,682	4,258,419
Other taxes	-	-	51,581	57,785	51,581	57,785
Other	120,356	102,196	2,186	2,532	122,542	104,728
Total revenues	27,293,638	25,187,020	1,062,982	1,285,172	28,356,620	26,472,192
Expenses:						
General government	3,158,690	2,910,099	-	-	3,158,690	2,910,099
Public safety	8,671,161	8,598,810	_	_	8,671,161	8,598,810
Environmental protection	110,309	106,459	_	_	110,309	106,459
Economic and physical development	777,188	560,353	-	-	777,188	560,353
Human services	8,820,823	9,395,883	_	_	8,820,823	9,395,883
Cultural and recreation	825,686	795,874	_	_	825,686	795,874
Education	3,791,195	4,174,503	_	_	3,791,195	4,174,503
Interest on long-term debt	241,311	293,437	_	_	241,311	293,437
Solid waste	-	_	963,997	887,158	963,997	887,158
Transportation	-	-	449,064	475,587	449,064	475,587
Total expenses	26,396,363	26,835,418	1,413,061	1,362,745	27,809,424	28,198,163
Increase in net position before transfers and						
special items	897,275	(1,648,398)	(350,079)	(77,573)	547,196	(1,725,971)
Transfers and special items	-	-	-	-	-	
Increase in net position after transfers and	007.075	(1, (40, 200)	(250,050)	(77.533)	547 106	(1.705.071)
special items	897,275	(1,648,398)		(77,573)	547,196	(1,725,971)
Net position, beginning	17,508,490	19,464,004	1,786,117	1,863,690	19,294,607	21,327,694
Net position, beginning, restated	16,116,482	19,156,888	1,698,257	1,863,690	17,814,739	21,020,578
Net position, ending	\$ 17,013,757	\$ 17,508,490	\$ 1,348,178	\$ 1,786,117	\$ 18,361,935	\$ 19,294,607

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$897,275. Key elements of this increase are:

- Increase in property tax rates.
- Improved collections of emergency medical services using an outside collection agency.
- Overall decrease in expenditures.
- Continued use of revenue from inmate housing.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased Caswell County's net position by \$350,079. Key elements of this decrease is primarily due to a significant decline in charges for services.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Caswell County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Caswell County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Caswell County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of Caswell County. At the end of the current fiscal year, Caswell County's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$5,331,796, while total fund balance reached \$7,018,071. The Governing Body of Caswell County has determined that the county should maintain an available fund balance of 8% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the county. The county currently has an available fund balance of 19.71%, while total fund balance represents 25.95% of that same amount. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 13.50% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 25.95% of the same amount of expenditures. Fund balance for the General Fund increased \$550,086 over the prior year. Expenditures (including transfers) decreased from the previous year by \$548,088. Several factors contributing to the decrease includes a decrease in capital spending.

Revenues increased \$1,466,133 primarily due to an increase in ad valorem taxes and local option sales tax.

At June 30, 2018, the governmental funds of Caswell County reported a combined fund balance of \$7,147,660, a 5.99% percent increase over the previous year. The primary reasons for this increase were a result of the County decreasing expenditures in the General Fund, and an increase in revenues from ad valorem taxes and local option sales taxes.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. Total amendments to the General Fund increased the total budget by 2.98% or \$788,653. The largest change involving human services due to increased health department fees, as well as increases for ad valorem and other taxes.

Proprietary Funds. Caswell County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Solid Waste Management and Transportation Funds at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$664,423. The total net position for the funds decreased \$350,079. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of Caswell County's Business-Type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Caswell County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018, totals \$22,831,504 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include purchases of a vehicle for the Sheriff department, EMS equipment upgrades, and a library construction project.

Caswell County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities					Total			
	20	18		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017	
Land	\$ 9	15,870	\$	915,870	\$	37,500	\$	37,500	\$	953,370	\$	953,370	
Construction in Progress	1,4	57,511		1,157,120		-		-		1,457,511		1,157,120	
Buildings	14,5	66,314		14,323,327		9,923		10,577		14,576,237		14,333,904	
Improvements	8	74,339		944,351		204,807		212,285		1,079,146		1,156,636	
Equipment	6	09,687		842,602		70,843		69,693		680,530		912,295	
Vehicles	1,0	14,715		1,247,569		360,682		294,563		1,375,397		1,542,132	
Audiovisuals		5,565		5,565		-		-		5,565		5,565	
Other Assets	2,6	94,401		2,802,130		-		-		2,694,401		2,802,130	
Infrastructure		9,347		9,658		-		_		9,347		9,658	
Total	\$ 22,1	47,749	\$	22,248,192	\$	683,755	\$	624,618	\$	22,831,504	\$	22,872,810	

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in notes to the Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2018, Caswell County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$6,202,000, the majority of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Caswell County's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Governmental Activities					
	2018	2017				
Bonds	\$ 6,202,000	\$ 7,078,000				
Plus: Premiums on Issuance	5,309	7,079				
Total Bonds	6,207,309	7,085,079				
Installment Purchases	1,455,639	1,422,030				
Capital Leases	<u> </u>	71,605				
Total	\$ 7,662,948	\$ 8,578,714				

Caswell County's total debt decreased by \$915,766 (10.67 percent) during the past fiscal year, primarily due to the issuance of an additional installment purchase agreement, offset by the repayment of debt obligations.

Caswell County's bond ratings remain stable with North Carolina Municipal Council at '79', Standard and Poor's Rating Services at 'A+' and Moody's Investors' Service at 'A1'.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8 percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Caswell County is \$136,896,380. The County's current general obligation debt represents approximately 0.34% of total assessed value of taxable property.

Additional information regarding Caswell County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the economic situation for Caswell County.

- The County's Ad Valorem tax rate was adopted at \$0.7090 per \$100 valuation. A Fire Service District has been established with a tax rate of \$0.0369 per \$100 valuation, the same as Casville Special Fire District.
- The Solid Waste Management fee remained the same at \$44 per household.
- The Public Library Expansion Project is underway with a target completion in April 2019.
- Funds from the County's Occupancy Tax levy will be used to promote travel and tourism.
- Upon approval of a bond referendum, the County will begin a Capital Project/High School Construction. The project is projected at \$36.5 million dollars using multiple funding sources including DPI grant funding, school funding and general obligation bonds.
- The County continues to focus on the development of small commercial businesses and will purchase property for renovation into a co-working space designed to help entrepreneurship.

Budget Highlights for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

Government Activities

Property taxes and sales and use taxes distributions are expected to be the primary sources of increase in revenues. The increase in the property tax rate for the County will help raise revenue for the General Fund. Furthermore, the County will use the increases in revenues to finance programs currently in place, including additional funding for education. The statewide sales and use tax expansion will provide additional revenue to the County for additional allocations for education and economic development. The County Law Enforcement Center is expected to continue to generate revenue and employment in the upcoming fiscal year due to the ability to house state and federal inmates. In addition to these projects, additional revenue is expected with new small business operations contributing to new growth in the County. The County is continuing to make infrastructure improvements to the Pelham Industrial Park.

Business Type Activities

Rates for Solid Waste remains at a reduced rate for a small savings to County residents. The Solid Waste Fund will continue upgrades/improvements to Convenience Centers. Transportation rates and services are expected to remain the same. Revenues are projected to continue to grow at a slow pace for the business-type activities.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to:

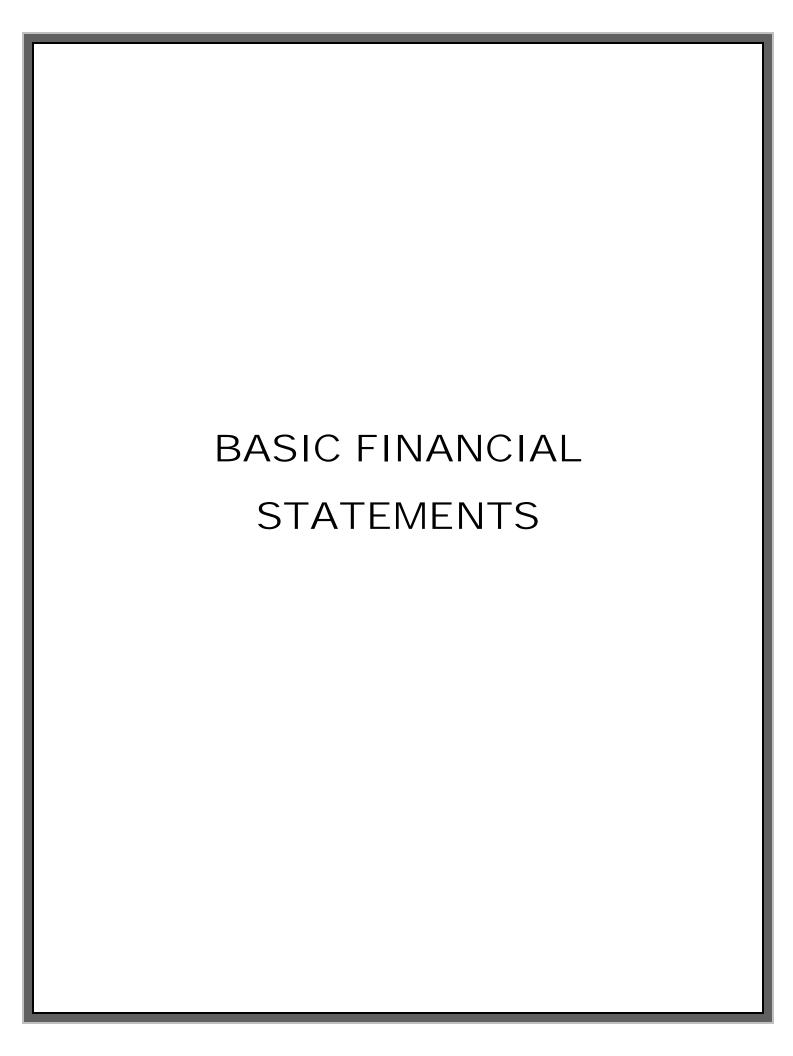
Gwendolyn Y. Vaughn

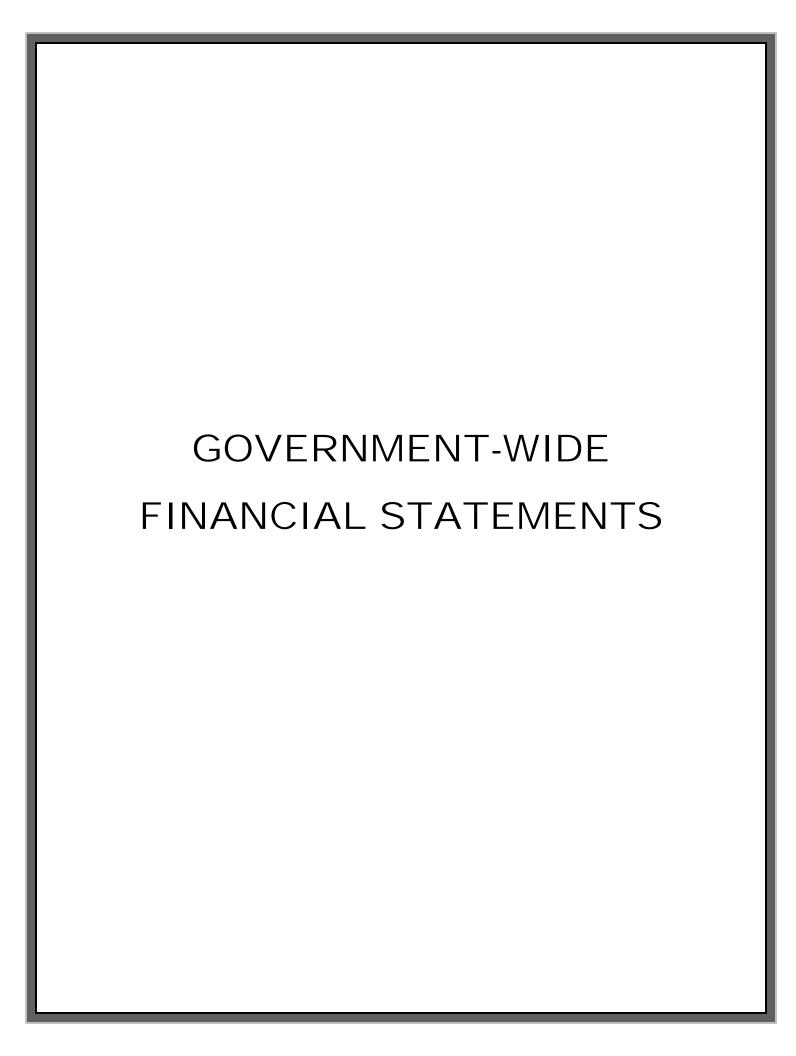
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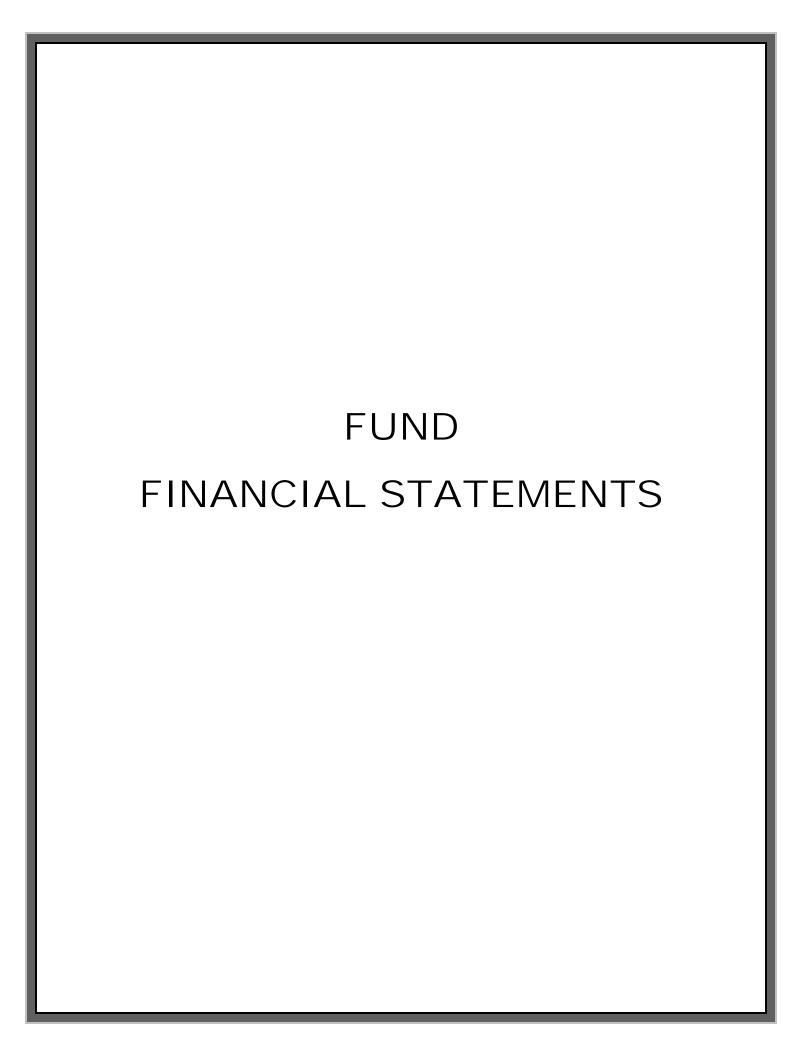


Caswell County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	_		Prir	nary Governmen	t			Component Unit
	_	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Caswell County ABC Board
ASSETS	d.	5 720 956	¢.	019 407	¢.	((40.2(2	¢.	210.700
Cash and cash investments	\$	5,730,856	Э	918,407	Э	6,649,263	Ф	319,798
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		915,383		54.626		915,383		-
Taxes receivable (net)		350,514		54,626		405,140		-
Accrued interest receivable on taxes		41,235		-		41,235		-
Accounts receivables (net)		1,700,004		37,323		1,737,327		-
Internal Balances		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		67,924		-		67,924		12,453
Inventories		-		-		-		119,994
Net Pension Asset		28,476		-		28,476		-
Capital assets:								
Land, improvements, and construction in								
progress		2,373,381		37,500		2,410,881		6,000
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		19,774,368		646,255		20,420,623		152,788
Total capital assets	•	22,147,749	-	683,755	_	22,831,504		158,788
Total assets	\$	30,982,141	\$	1,694,111	\$	32,676,252	\$	611,033
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	2,031,429	\$	55,358	\$_	2,086,787	\$	21,639
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	ø	1 210 722	¢.	62.017	¢.	1 202 640	e	74.052
	\$	1,219,723	Э	62,917	Э	1,282,640	Э	74,952
Accrued interest payable		92,955		-		92,955		-
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year								
Bonds		872,770		-		872,770		-
Installment obligations		376,099		-		376,099		-
Compensated absences		181,131		6,038		187,169		-
Due in more than one year								
Bonds		5,334,539		-		5,334,539		-
Capital leases		-		-		-		-
Installment obligations		1,079,540		-		1,079,540		-
Compensated absences		543,392		18,113		561,505		-
Accrued postclosure liability		-		67,749		67,749		-
Net Pension Liability (LGERS)		2,214,450		59,719		2,274,169		26,429
Total Pension Liability (LEOSSA)		863,655				863,655		,
Net OPEB Liability		2,945,010		176,224		3,121,234		_
Total long-term liabilities	-	14,410,585		327,843		14,738,428		26,429
Total liabilities	\$	15,723,263	\$	390,760	\$	16,114,023	\$	101,381
	•		_	•	_			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	276,550	\$_	10,531	\$_	287,081	\$	748
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	15,101,143	\$	683,755	\$	15,784,898	\$	158,788
Restricted for:								
Register of deeds		57,002		-		57,002		-
Stabilization by state statute		1,741,008		-		1,741,008		-
General Government		160,293		_		160,293		-
Public Safety		36,454		_		36,454		_
Economic Development		23,702		_		23,702		_
Education		998,023		_		998,023		_
				664 422				206.014
Unrestricted (deficit)	Φ.	(1,103,868)	_	1 249 179	- _e -	(439,445)	e	306,914
Total net position	\$	17,013,757	Ф	1,348,178	Φ_	18,361,935	Ф	530,543

Caswell County, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

					Pr	ogram Revenues	š			Net (E		onent Unit				
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total	Caswell County ABC Board	
Primary government: Governmental Activities:																
General government	\$	3,158,690	\$	341,523	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(2,817,167)	\$	_	\$	(2,817,167)		
Public safety		8,671,161	Ψ	1,222,157	Ψ	1,027,920	•	_	Ψ	(6,421,084)	Ψ.	_	Ψ	(6,421,084)		
Transportation		-				123,503		_		123,503		_		123,503		
Environmental protection		110,309		_		24,478		_		(85,831)		_		(85,831)		
Economic and physical development		777,188		28,922		318,554		_		(429,712)		_		(429,712)		
Human services		8,820,823		1,615,059		4,450,708		_		(2,755,056)		_		(2,755,056)		
Cultural and recreation		825,686		65,756		87,352		530,000		(142,578)		_		(142,578)		
Education		3,791,195		05,750		07,332		-		(3,791,195)		_		(3,791,195)		
Interest on long-term debt		241,311		_		_		_		(241,311)		_		(241,311)		
Total governmental activities	2	26,396,363		3,273,417		6,032,515		530,000		(16,560,431)		-		(16,560,431)		
Business-type activities:																
Solid Waste		963,997		542,258								(421,739)		(421,739)		
Caswell division of transportation		449,064		466,957		_		_		_		17,893		17,893		
Total business-type activities		1,413,061		1,009,215								(403,846)		(403,846)		
Total primary government		27,809,424	\$	4,282,632	\$	6,032,515	\$	530,000		(16,560,431)		(403,846)		(16,964,277)		
Component Units:																
Caswell County ABC Board	\$	2,198,959	\$	2,180,612	\$	_	S	_							\$	(18,347)
Total component units		2,198,959	\$	2,180,612	\$		\$								Ψ	(18,347)
	General Taxes	l revenues:														
			evied	for general pu	irnose					12,833,668		_		12,833,668		_
		cal option sal			прозе					4,143,038		_		4,143,038		_
		er taxes and								360,644		51,581		412,225		_
		tment earnin								73,145		1,908		75,053		94
		ellaneous, un								47,211		278		47,489		1,782
	Transfer											-				1,702
			reven	ues, special ite	ms. and	d transfers				17,457,706		53,767		17,511,473		1,876
		hange in net			,					897,275		(350,079)		547,196		(16,471)
		ition-beginn								17,508,490		1,786,117		19,294,607		547,014
		tement	0							(1,392,008)		(87,860)		(1,479,868)		,
		ition-beginni	ng, re	estated						16,116,482		1,698,257		17,814,739		547,014
		ition-ending	<i>U</i> ,						\$	17,013,757	\$	1,348,178	\$	18,361,935	\$	530,543



Caswell County, North Carolina Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

				No	on-Major		
	Major Go			Govern	nmental Funds		
			Library		Other		Total
		Development		Gov	vernmental	Go	vernmenta
	General Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,074,729	\$	449,004	\$	207,123	\$	5,730,856
Cash and cash equivalents-Restricted	901,416		-		13,967		915,383
Taxes Receivable	268,172		-		82,342		350,514
Accounts Receviable	1,645,271		-		54,733		1,700,004
Due from other funds	6,804		-		-		6,804
Prepaid Expenses	67,924						67,924
Total assets	\$ 7,964,316	\$	449,004	\$	358,165	\$	8,771,485
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS O RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	F						
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 631,289	\$	586,718	\$	1,716	\$	1,219,723
Due to other funds	-		-		6,804		6,804
Total liabilities	631,289		586,718		8,520		1,226,527
Deferred inflows of resources							
Prepaid taxes	46,784		_		_		46,784
Reserve for taxes receivable	268,172		_		82,342		350,514
Total deferred inflows of resources	314,956				82,342		397,298
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid expenses	67,924		_		_		67,924
Restricted:	07,52						07,52
Stabilization by State statue	1,686,275		_		54,733		1,741,008
Register of Deeds	57,002		_		-		57,002
Education	998,023		_		_		998,023
General Government	-		_		160,293		160,293
Public Safety	_		_		36,454		36,454
Economic Development	_		_		23,702		23,702
Human Services	_		_		,,,,-		
Cultural and Recreational	-		_		_		
Committed:							
Tax Revaluation	128,291		_		_		128,291
LEO Separation	33,816		_		_		33,816
Assigned:	22,010						23,010
Subsequent year's expenditures	395,328		_		_		395,328
Unassigned:	3,651,412		(137,714)		(7,879)		3,505,819
Total fund balances	7,018,071		(137,714)		267,303		7,147,660
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources			(107,711)		201,303		7,117,000
and fund balances	\$ 7,964,316	\$	449,004	\$	358,165	\$	8,771,485

Caswell County, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet To The Statement of Net Position Governmental Fund June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1)	are different because:
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,147,660
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	38,951,625 (16,803,876) 22,147,749
Net Pension Asset (Register of Deeds)	28,476
Deferred outflows of resources: Pension related deferrals LGERS Register of Deeds LEOSSA	1,083,804 8,777 88,794
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year (LGERS & ROD)	686,581
Benefit payments and pension administration costs for LEOSSA	22,509
Contributions to OPEB plan in the current fiscal year	128,906
Accrued interest receivable less the amount claimed as unearned revenue in the government-wide statements as these funds are unavailable in the fund statements Deferred charges related to advance refunding bond issued - included on government-wide statements of net position but are not current financial resources	41,235 12,058
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements but not the fund statements	12,030
Deferred inflows of resources for taxes receivable Pension related deferrals	350,514
LGERS	(77,505)
Register of Deeds LEOSSA	(557) (10,636)
OPEB related deferrals	(141,068)
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not reported in the fund statements:	
Bonds, leases, and installment financing	(7,662,948)
Compensated absences Net OPEB liability	(724,522) (2,945,010)
Net pension liability - LGERS	(2,214,450)
Total Pension Liability (LEOSSA)	(863,655)
Accrued interest payable	(92,955)
Total adjustment	9,866,097
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 17,013,757

Caswell County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Major Gov	ernmental	Non-Major Governmental Fun			
	•		Library Development Fund		Other Governmental	•	Total Governmental
REVENUES		General Fund	runa		Funds		Funds
Ad valorem taxes	\$	12,526,482 \$	_	\$	372,258	\$	12,898,740
Other taxes and licenses	Ψ	3,585,040	_	Ψ	6,054	Ψ	3,591,094
Restricted intergovernmental		6,704,733	_		624,718		7,329,451
Unrestricted intergovernmental		181,408	-		-		181,408
Permits and fees		693,869	_		_		693,869
Sales and services		2,001,308	_		_		2,001,308
Investment earnings		71,854	108		1,183		73,145
Contributions		-	530,000		-		530,000
Miscellaneous		9,695	-		_		9,695
Total revenues	•	25,774,389	530,108		1,004,213		27,308,710
EXPENDITURES							
Current:		2.004.405					2 004 405
General government		2,984,485	-		1 225 052		2,984,485
Public safety		6,552,514	1 041 702		1,325,852		7,878,366
Cultural and recreational		647,806	1,041,703		-		1,689,509
Environmental protection		107,419	-		100.051		107,419
Economic and physical development		511,151	-		190,851		702,002
Human Services		8,633,435	-		-		8,633,435
Intergovernmental: Education		2 701 105					2 701 105
Debt service:		3,791,195	-		-		3,791,195
Principal		1,273,996	_		_		1,273,996
Interest		254,048			_		254,048
Total expenditures		24,756,049	1,041,703		1,516,703		27,314,455
Revenues over expenditures	·	1,018,340	(511,595)		(512,490)		(5,745)
•	G)		· · · · · · ·				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)	1 775 105					1 775 105
Transfers in		1,775,105	-		510.254		1,775,105
Transfers (out)		(2,293,359)	-		518,254		(1,775,105)
Sale of equipment		50,000	260,000		-		50,000
Loan proceeds		-	360,000		<u>-</u>		360,000
Total other financing sources and uses	·	(468,254)	360,000		518,254		410,000
Net change in fund balance		550,086	(151,595)		5,764		404,255
Fund balances-beginning		6,467,985	13,881		261,539		6,743,405
Fund balances-ending	\$	7,018,071 \$	(137,714)	\$	267,303	\$	7,147,660

Caswell County, North Carolina Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balance of Governmental Funds To The Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmenta	activities in the statement of activities are
different because:	

different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 404,255
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	1,372,001
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(1,472,444)
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements; it has no effect on the statement of activities - it affects only the government-wide statement of net position	(360,000)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements	1,273,996
Amortization on deferred premium payments on debt that is recorded in the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.	1,770
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	686,581
Benefit payments and administration costs for LEOSSA are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	22,509
Contributions to the OPEB plan are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position	128,906
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements:	
Difference in interest expense between fund statements (modified accrual) and government-wide statements (full accrual)	14,985
Compensated absences	(39,463)
OPEB plan expense	(215,828)
Amortization on deferred charges - refunding costs that is recorded in the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(4,018)
Pension expense	(850,903)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not reported as revenues in the fund statements.	
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - taxes receivable - at end of year	(50,395)
Increase in accrued interest receivable at end of year	(14,677)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 897,275

Caswell County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund					
			Variance With Final			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 12,549,192	\$ 12,700,388	\$ 12,526,482	\$ (173,906)		
Other taxes and licenses	3,455,696	3,566,046	3,585,040	18,994		
Restricted intergovernmental	6,846,234	6,908,293	6,704,733	(203,560)		
Unrestricted intergovernmental Permits and fees	182,155	182,155	181,408	(747)		
Sales and services	645,067	692,727	693,869	1,142 163,597		
Investment earnings	1,571,850 15,650	1,837,711 15,650	2,001,308 65,745	50,095		
Miscellaneous	-	39,556	9,695	(29,861)		
Total revenues	25,265,844	25,942,526	25,768,280	(174,246)		
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	3,256,618	3,207,290	2,984,485	222,805		
Public safety	6,463,796	6,727,887	6,552,514	175,373		
Enviormental Protection	106,461	111,914	107,419	4,495		
Economic and physical development	435,905	570,407	511,151	59,256		
Human services	8,888,029	9,211,685	8,633,435	578,250		
Cultural and recreational Intergovernmental:	617,833	673,112	647,806	25,306		
Education	3,736,195	3,791,195	3,791,195	_		
Debt service	1,528,963	1,528,963	1,528,044	919		
Total expenditures	25,033,800	25,822,453	24,756,049	1,066,404		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	232,044	120,073	1,012,231	892,158		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Appropriated fund balance	430,340	542,311	-	(542,311)		
Debt proceeds	-	-	-	-		
Sale of equipment	-	-	50,000	50,000		
Transfers from other funds	766,415	766,415	766,415	-		
Transfers to other funds	(1,428,799)	(1,428,799)	(1,582,509)	(153,710		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(232,044)	(120,073)	(766,094)	(646,021)		
Revenues and Other Financing Sources		Φ.	246.125	0.46.107		
over expenditures and othe financing uses	\$ -	\$ -	246,137	\$ 246,137		
Fund balances: Beginning of year, July 1			5,645,621			
Restatement of Fund Balance (see Note X)			_			
End of year, June 30			\$ 5,891,758			
•			ψ 5,071,750			
A legally budgeted Tax Revaluation Fund is co Fund for reporting purposes:	nsolidated into the	General				
Investment Earnings			576			
Revaluation Expense			-			
Transfer from General Fund			30,000			
Fund balance, beginning of year			97,714			
School Capital Reserve Fund						
Investment Earning			5,533			
Transfers-in from General Fund			978,690			
Transfer-out to General Fund			(710,850)			
Fund Balance, Beginning			724,650			
Fund balance, ending (Exhibit 4)		9	7,018,071			

Caswell County, North Carolina Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

		1717 3	JOR				
		Solid		Caswell		Total	
		Waste		ivision of	Enterprise		
ACCETC	Ma	nagement	Tra	nsportation		Funds	
ASSETS							
Current assets: Cash and investments	C	517 120	\$	401 260	¢.	019 407	
	\$	517,138	Ф	401,269	\$	918,407	
Taxes receivable (net)		54,626		- 22.721		54,626	
Accounts receivable (net)		14,602		22,721		37,323	
Due from other funds		-		-		-	
Total current assets		586,366		423,990		1,010,356	
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets:							
Land, improvements and							
construction in progress		37,500		_		37,500	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		329,927		316,328		646,255	
Total capital assets		367,427		316,328		683,755	
Total noncurrent assets		367,427		316,328		683,755	
Total assets		953,793		740,318		1,694,111	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		21,626		33,732		55,358	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		21,020		33,732		33,336	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	SOUI	RCES, AND	NET I	POSITION			
Current liabilities:		•					
Accounts Payable		54,677		8,240		62,917	
Compensated absences payable		2,983		3,055		6,038	
Total current liabilities		57,660		11,295		68,955	
Na							
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences		8,950		9,163		18,113	
Other postemployment benefits		98,191		78,033		176,224	
Net pension liability		-				,	
		21,720		37,999		59,719	
Accrued postclosure liability		67,749		105 105		67,749	
Total noncurrent liabilities		196,610		125,195		321,805	
Total liabilities		254,270		136,490		390,760	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		5,463		5,068		10,531	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		367,427		316,328		683,755	
Unrestricted		348,259		316,164		664,423	
Total net position	\$	715,686	\$	632,492	\$	1,348,178	

Caswell County, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

_		MA			
		v 11.1		Caswell	
		Solid Vaste	-	partment of nsportation	Totals
•		vasic	114	nsportation	 Totals
Revenues:					
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	542,258	\$	458,609	\$ 1,000,867
Total Operating Revenues		542,258		458,609	 1,000,867
Expenditures:					
Operating Expenses:					
Administration					
Salaries		-		82,103	82,103
Other expenses		-		76,770	76,770
Operations:					
Salaries		137,422		164,782	302,204
Other Expenses		775,456		77,860	853,316
Depreciation		51,119		47,549	 98,668
Total Expenditures		963,997		449,064	1,413,061
Operating income (loss)		(421,739)		9,545	 (412,194)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Interest Earned on Investments		1,139		769	1,908
Interest Earned on interfund loan		_		_	_
Disposal Tax		51,581		-	51,581
Miscellaneous Revenue		278		-	278
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets		-		8,348	8,348
Total Nonoperating Revenues		52,998		9,117	62,115
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(368,741)		18,662	(350,079)
TOTAL NET POSITION BEGINNING	1	,151,816		634,301	1,786,117
RESTATEMENT		(67,389)		(20,471)	(87,860)
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING, RESTATED	1	,084,427		613,830	 1,698,257
TOTAL NET POSITION- ENDING	\$	715,686	\$	632,492	\$ 1,348,178

Caswell County, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

			MAJOR	
			Caswell	Totals
		Solid	Division of	June 30,
		Waste	Transportation	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$	560,958	\$ 469,976	\$ 1,030,934
Cash paid for goods and services		(783,525)	(148,475)	(932,000)
Cash paid to employees for services		(132,241)	(243,784)	(376,025)
Miscellaneous Revenue		278		278
Net cash provided (used) by operating				
activities		(354,530)	77,717	(276,813)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Disposal tax		51,581	-	51,581
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		-	-	-
Transfers out		-	-	-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	_			
financial activities		51,581		51,581
Cash flows from capital and related				
financing activities:				
Acquisition and construction of				
capital assets		(157,805)	-	(157,805)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	<u></u>		8,348	8,348
Net cash provided (used) by capital and				
related financing activities		(157,805)	8,348	(149,457)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest on interfund loan		-	_	_
Interest on investments		1,139	769	1,908
Net cash flows from investing activities	_	1,139	769	1,908
N				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(459,615)	86,834	(372,781)
cash equivalents		(30),010)	00,034	(3/2,/01)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	_	976,753	314,435	1,291,188
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	517,138	\$ 401,269	\$ 918,407
				(continued)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

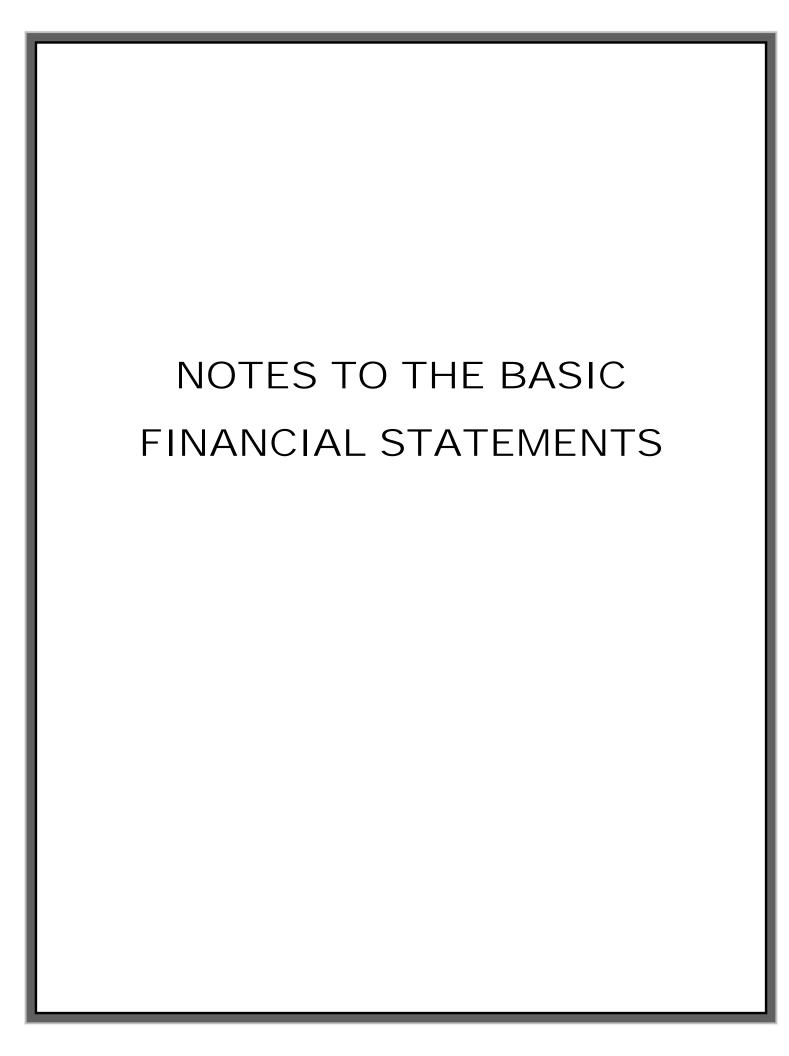
Caswell County, North Carolina Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:

provided by operating activities.			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (421,739)	\$ 9,545	\$ (412,194)
Adjustments to reconcile operating	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
income to net cash provided by			
operating activities:			
Depreciation	51,119	47,549	98,668
Miscellaneous Revenue	278	-	278
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	18,700	11,367	30,067
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows			
of resources for pensions	6,588	11,521	18,109
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows			
of resources for OPEB	(4,298)	(3,416)	(7,714)
Increase (decrease) in accounts			
payable and accrued liabilities	1,807	6,155	7,962
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows			
of resources for pensions	(462)	(807)	(1,269)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows			
of resources for OPEB	4,703	3,738	8,441
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(5,291)	(9,252)	(14,543)
Increase (decrease) in accrued postclosure liability	(9,876)	-	(9,876)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	1,449	(664)	785
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	2,492	1,981	4,473
Total adjustments	67,209	68,172	135,381
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (354,530)	\$ 77,717	\$ (276,813)

Caswell County, North Carolina Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 30,394
Accounts Receivable	2,596
Total Assets	\$ 32,990
Liabilities: Miscellaneous Liability	\$ 32,990
Total liabilities	32,990
Net position:	
Held in trust (Fiduciary net assets)	-
Total Liabilities and Net Pension	\$ 32,990



NOTE I: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Caswell County and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The County, which is governed by a seven-member board of commissioners, is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 153A-10. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, legally-separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the basic financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Caswell County ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the County. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund.

Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained at the administrative office of that entity.

Caswell County ABC Board P.O. Box 338 Yanceyville, North Carolina 27379

B. Basis of Presentation - Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus - Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type* activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental*, *proprietary*, *and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Revaluation Fund and the School Capital Reserve Fund are legally budgeted funds under North Carolina General Statutes; however, for statement presentation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, it is consolidated in the General Fund.

Library Development Fund. This capital project fund is used to account for funds set aside for equipment and capital improvements at the library.

The County reports the following enterprise funds:

Solid Waste Management Fund. This fund accounts for the collection and disposal of the County's solid waste.

Caswell Division of Transportation Fund. This fund provides transportation for external clients of County departments and agencies and derives its revenue from user fees.

Additionally, the County reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Agency Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following Agency Funds: the Social Services Fund, which accounts for monies deposited with the Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals; the Drug Fund, which accounts for receipts and disbursements involving sheriff drug funds; the Fines and Forfeitures and Floodplain Mapping Fund, which accounts for various legal fines and forfeitures that the County is required to remit to Caswell County Board of Education and the fees collected for floodplain mapping that the County is required to remit to the North Carolina State Treasurer; and the Motor Vehicle Tax Fund, which accounts for registered motor vehicle property taxes that are billed and collected by the County for various municipalities and special districts within the County.

Non-major Funds. The County maintains nine legally budgeted nonmajor funds. The Fire District Fund, Emergency Telephone System, Revolving Loan, and Special Grants Funds are reported as non-major special revenue funds. The County Building, Equipment and Automation, School Capital Projects, Scattered Site, and Courthouse HVAC Fund are reported as capital project funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result form providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund (which includes the Revaluation Fund and School Capital Reserve Fund), the Special Revenue Funds (the Special Fire Districts Fund, the Emergency Telephone System Fund, the School Capital Reserve Fund, the Revolving Loan Fund, and the Special Grant Fund), and for three of the Capital Projects Funds (County Building Fund, the Equipment and Automation Fund, and the School Capital Projects Fund). An annual budget is also adopted for the two Enterprise Funds (the Solid Waste Fund and the Caswell Division of Transportation Fund). Project ordinances are prepared for four funds, the Scattered Site Fund, the Detention Center Project Fund, the Library Development Fund, and the Senior Center Project Capital Project Funds.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for the General Fund, at the departmental level for the Special Revenue and the Enterprise Funds, and at the object level for the Capital Project Funds. The County Manager is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations between functional areas within a fund up to \$5,000; however, any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$5,000 must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County and the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by G.S. 159-31. The County and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

State Law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the County and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The County's and the ABC Board's investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The NCCMT Cash Portfolio, an SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County pools money from several funds, except the Social Services Fund, to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, which are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

The unexpended bond proceeds of the Detention Center Project Fund are classified as restricted assets because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the bonds were originally issued. Money in the Tax Revaluation Fund is also classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 153A-150. Money in the School Capital Projects Fund is classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted per North Carolina General Statute 159-18 through 22.

Caswell County Restricted Cash

Governmental Activities		
General Fund	Tax Revaluation	\$ 128,291
General Fund	Register of Deeds	57,002
General Fund	Unexpended School Restricted Capital	716,123
Courthouse HVAC Fund	Unexpended Project Funds	13,967
Total Restricted Cash		\$ 915,383

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. <u>Inventory</u>

The inventories of the ABC Board are valued at cost (first in, first out), which approximates market. The inventory of the ABC Board consists of goods held for sale. The cost of the inventory carried at the ABC Board is recorded as an expense as it is sold.

7. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. Minimum capitalization costs are: \$5,000 for buildings, building improvements, equipment vehicles and furniture. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

The County holds title to certain Caswell County Board of Education properties that have not been included in capital assets. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board of Education give the Board of Education full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provide that the County will convey title to the property back to the Board of Education, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Caswell County Board of Education.

Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

_	Years
Land Improvements	15
Building, improvements and other plant	15
Infrastructure	50
General Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5-10

Property, plant and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as

	Useful Life
Buildings	20-40
Equipment (warehouse, store, and	4-10
Vehicles	5
Leasehold Improvements	8

8. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meets this criterion - a charge on refunding that had previously been classified as an asset, pension related deferrals, and contributions made to the OPEB or pension plans in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has three items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes and other OPEB or pension related deferrals.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. An expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned in the County's government-wide and proprietary fund and the ABC Board. The County's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2018 is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a LIFO basis. Employees typically take leave as it is earned and there is no current portion. A current portion has been estimated.

The sick leave policies of the County and the ABC Board provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither the County nor the ABC Board has any obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accruals for sick leave have been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of four classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance - This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization of State Statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Register of Deeds - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds office.

Fund Balances (Continued)

Restricted for Education - portion of fund balance that can only be used for the School Capital Fund per G.S. 159-18-22.

Restricted for General Government - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for general government.

Restricted for Public Safety - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for fire safety and police.

Restricted for Economic Development - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for economic development.

Restricted for Human Services - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for Human services.

Restricted for Cultural and Recreational - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for cultural and recreational activities.

Committed Fund Balance - Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by resolution of the County's Board of Commissioners (highest level of decision making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires majority action by the Board of Commissioners.

Committed for Tax Revaluation - portion of fund balance that can only be used for Tax Revaluation.

Committed for LEO pension obligation - portion of fund balance that will be used for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance obligations.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the County's Board of Commissioners has assigned.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Caswell County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-city funds, and county funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it's in the best interest of the County.

12 Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans

The County participates in three cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"), and one other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB), the Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employee contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the HCB recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE II: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

The following funds had a deficit fund balance as follows:

	<u>A</u>	mount
Scattered Grants Fund	\$	1,367
Library Development Fund		137,714

The deficit fund balances resulted from the requirement to incur expenses prior to requesting reimbursement for lack of funding received from the General Fund to supplement the accounts.

NOTE III: Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the County's and the ABC Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the County's and the Board's agent, and the Company's names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by their agents in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the ABC Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for the under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method.

Deposits (Continued)

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County relies on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The County and the ABC Board do not have formal policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2018 the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,456,837 and a bank balance of \$1,679,579. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance; and \$1,429,579 in interest bearing deposits was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board's deposits was \$314,723 and a bank balance of \$322,211. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2018, the ABC Board had \$5,075 in petty cash and change funds.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2018, the County's investments consisted of \$6,138,203 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio, which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The County has no policy on credit risk.

3 . Property Tax - Use-Value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forest land may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year			
Levied	Tax	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 1,207,907	\$ 321,089	\$ 1,528,996
2016	1,218,566	323,922	1,542,488
2017	1,464,168	389,209	1,853,377
2018	1,639,152	94,251	1,733,403
Total	\$ 5,529,793	\$ 1,128,471	\$ 6,658,264

4. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Taxes and			Due From					
			Related Accrued			Special Other			
		Accounts		Interest	A	Assessments	(Governments	Total
Governmental Activities:									
General	\$	2,563,429	\$	721,407	\$	-	\$	259,713	\$ 3,544,549
Other Governmental		54,733		82,342		-		-	137,075
Total Receivables	\$	2,618,162	\$	803,749	\$	-	\$	259,713	\$ 3,681,624
Allowance for Doubtful Accts.		(1,177,871)		(412,000)		-		-	(1,589,871)
Total Gov't Activities	\$	1,440,291	\$	1,215,749	\$	-	\$	259,713	\$ 2,091,753
Business-type Activities:									
Solid Waste	\$	14,602	\$	74,926	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 89,528
CDOT		22,721		-		-		-	22,721
Total Receivables	\$	37,323	\$	74,926	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 112,249
Allowance for Doubtful Accts.		-		(20,300)		-		-	(20,300)
Total Business-type	\$	37,323	\$	54,626	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 91,949

The due from other governments that is owed to the County consists of the following:

Governmental	A ctivities.
Governmentar	Activities:

Sales and Use Tax	\$ 141,663
NCVTS - Motor Vehicle Tax	118,050
Total	\$ 259,713

5. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Beginning						Ending
		Balances		Increases	Decreases	Transfers		Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	915,870	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 915,870
Construction in Progress		1,157,120		1,271,424	(971,033)		-	1,457,511
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,072,990		1,271,424	(971,033)		-	2,373,381
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Building		20,998,235		971,033	-		-	21,969,268
Improvements		2,524,120		-	-		-	2,524,120
Equipment		3,891,725		67,350	-		-	3,959,075
Vehicles		2,692,490		33,227	-		-	2,725,717
Audio Visual		55,644		-	-		-	55,644
Other Assets		5,327,143		-	-		-	5,327,143
Infrastructure		17,277		-	-		-	17,277
Total capital assets being depreciated:		35,506,634		1,071,610	-		-	36,578,244
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Building		6,674,908		728,046	-		-	7,402,954
Improvements		1,579,769		70,012	-		-	1,649,781
Equipment		3,049,123		300,265	-		-	3,349,388
Vehicles		1,444,921		266,081	-		_	1,711,002
Audio Visual		50,079		-	-		-	50,079
Other Assets		2,525,013		107,729	-		-	2,632,742
Infrastructure		7,619		311	-		-	7,930
Total accumulated depreciation:		15,331,432	\$	1,472,444	\$ -	\$	-	16,803,876
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		20,175,202					_	19,774,368
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	22,248,192	-				-	\$ 22,147,749
	_		=				=	

Depreciation expenses are charged to functions/ program of the governmental activity capital assets as follows:

General Government	\$ 206,220
Public Safety	897,913
Economic and Physical Development	66,771
Human Services	115,596
Cultural and Recreational	185,944
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,472,444

Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type activities:

Solid Waste	eginning Balances	I	Increases	Decreases		Transfers		Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 37,500	\$	-	\$	- 9	S	_ \$	37,500
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	37,500		-		-		-	37,500
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings	27,102		-		-		-	27,102
Land Improvements	120,417		-		-		-	120,417
General Equipment	335,836		30,028		-		-	365,864
Vehicles	170,458		127,777		-		-	298,235
Other Assets	403,675		-		-		-	403,675
Total capital assets being depreciated:	 1,057,488		157,805		-		-	1,215,293
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	16,525		654		-		-	17,179
Land Improvements	120,417		-		-		-	120,417
General Equipment	266,568		28,453		-		-	295,021
Vehicles	27,062		22,012		-		-	49,074
Other Assets	403,675		-		-		-	403,675
Total accumulated depreciation:	 834,247	\$	51,119	\$	- \$	5	-	885,366
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	223,241							329,927
Solid Waste capital assets, net	\$ 260,741						\$	367,427
Con all Division of Transport Autom	eginning		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	D				Ending Balances
Caswell Division of Transportation	 Balances	1	ncreases	Decreases		Transfers		Datatices
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Building Improvements	\$ 231,507	\$	-	\$	- \$	5	- \$	231,507
Land improvements	16,900		-		-		-	16,900
Computer Equipment	10,190		-		-		-	10,190
Vehicles	430,367		-		-		-	430,367
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	688,964		-		-		-	688,964
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Building Improvements	28,939		5,788		-		-	34,727
Land Improvements	7,183		1,690		-		-	8,873
Computer Equipment	9,765		425		-		-	10,190
Vehicles	279,200		39,646		-		-	318,846
Total accumulated depreciation	325,087		47,549		-		-	372,636
Total capital assets being depreciated:								
1 8 1	363,877	\$	(47,549)	\$	- \$	5	-	316,328
Caswell Div. Transportation capital assets, net	363,877 363,877	\$	(47,549)	\$	- \$	<u> </u>	_	316,328 316,328

Capital Assets (Continued)

Caswell County ABC Board Balances Increases Decreases Transfers Balances Capital assets not being depreciated: \$ 6,000 \$ 0.00 <		В	Beginning							Ending
Land \$ 6,000 - \$ - \$ - \$ 6,000 Total capital assets not being depreciated 6,000 6,000 Capital assets being depreciated 8 185,964 13,720 199,684 Warehouse equipment 2,326 2,326 2,326 Vehicles 39,519 39,519 39,519 Office furniture and equipment 31,236 31,236 31,236 Store Fixtures and equipment 128,006 32,952 32,952 Total capital assets being depreciated 420,003 13,720 433,723 Less accumulated depreciation for: 254,972 25,963 280,935 Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$25,963 - \$ 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Caswell County ABC Board	I	Balances		Increases	1	Decreases	Transfers]	Balances
Total capital assets not being depreciated 6,000 - - 6,000 Capital assets being depreciated 8 185,964 13,720 - 199,684 Warehouse equipment 2,326 - - 2,326 Vehicles 39,519 - - 39,519 Office furniture and equipment 31,236 - - 31,236 Store Fixtures and equipment 128,006 - - 128,006 Leasehold improvements 32,952 - - 32,952 Total capital assets being depreciated 420,003 13,720 - 433,723 Less accumulated depreciation for: Assets being depreciated 254,972 25,963 - - 280,935 Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$25,963 - - 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings 185,964 13,720 - - 199,684 Warehouse equipment 2,326 - - - 2,326 Vehicles 39,519 - - - 39,519 Office furniture and equipment 31,236 - - - 31,236 Store Fixtures and equipment 128,006 - - - 128,006 Leasehold improvements 32,952 - - - 32,952 Total capital assets being depreciated 420,003 13,720 - - 433,723 Less accumulated depreciation for: 254,972 25,963 - - 280,935 Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$25,963 - - 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Land	\$	6,000	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	6,000
Buildings 185,964 13,720 - - 199,684 Warehouse equipment 2,326 - - - 2,326 Vehicles 39,519 - - - 39,519 Office furniture and equipment 31,236 - - - 31,236 Store Fixtures and equipment 128,006 - - - 128,006 Leasehold improvements 32,952 - - - 32,952 Total capital assets being depreciated 420,003 13,720 - - 433,723 Less accumulated depreciation for: 254,972 25,963 - - 280,935 Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$25,963 - \$ - 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Total capital assets not being depreciated		6,000		-		-	-		6,000
Warehouse equipment 2,326 - - 2,326 Vehicles 39,519 - - 39,519 Office furniture and equipment 31,236 - - - 31,236 Store Fixtures and equipment 128,006 - - - 128,006 Leasehold improvements 32,952 - - - 32,952 Total capital assets being depreciated 420,003 13,720 - - 433,723 Less accumulated depreciation for: Assets being depreciated 254,972 25,963 - - 280,935 Total accumulated depreciated operciated approximate the preciated operciated operciated operciated approximate the preciated operciated op	Capital assets being depreciated									
Vehicles 39,519 - - - 39,519 Office furniture and equipment 31,236 - - - 31,236 Store Fixtures and equipment 128,006 - - - 128,006 Leasehold improvements 32,952 - - - 32,952 Total capital assets being depreciated 420,003 13,720 - - 433,723 Less accumulated depreciation for: 254,972 25,963 - - 280,935 Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$25,963 - \$ - 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Buildings		185,964		13,720		-	-		199,684
Office furniture and equipment 31,236 - - - 31,236 Store Fixtures and equipment 128,006 - - - 128,006 Leasehold improvements 32,952 - - - 32,952 Total capital assets being depreciated 420,003 13,720 - - 433,723 Less accumulated depreciation for: - 254,972 25,963 - - 280,935 Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$25,963 - - 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Warehouse equipment		2,326		-		-	-		2,326
Store Fixtures and equipment 128,006 - - - 128,006 Leasehold improvements 32,952 - - - 32,952 Total capital assets being depreciated 420,003 13,720 - - 433,723 Less accumulated depreciation for: 254,972 25,963 - - 280,935 Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$25,963 - \$ 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Vehicles		39,519		-		-	-		39,519
Leasehold improvements 32,952 - - 32,952 Total capital assets being depreciated 420,003 13,720 - - 433,723 Less accumulated depreciation for: Assets being depreciated 254,972 25,963 - - 280,935 Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$25,963 - \$ 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Office furniture and equipment		31,236		-		-	-		31,236
Total capital assets being depreciated 420,003 13,720 - - 433,723 Less accumulated depreciation for: 254,972 25,963 - - 280,935 Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$ 25,963 - \$ - 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Store Fixtures and equipment		128,006		-		-	-		128,006
Less accumulated depreciation for: 254,972 25,963 - - 280,935 Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$ 25,963 - \$ - 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Leasehold improvements		32,952		-		-	-		32,952
Assets being depreciated 254,972 25,963 - - 280,935 Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$ 25,963 \$ - \$ - 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Total capital assets being depreciated		420,003		13,720		-	-		433,723
Total accumulated depreciation 254,972 \$ 25,963 - \$ - 280,935 Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Total capital assets being depreciated ,net 165,031 152,788	Assets being depreciated		254,972		25,963		-	-		280,935
	Total accumulated depreciation		254,972	\$	25,963	\$	- \$	-		280,935
ABC Board capital assets-net \$ 171,031 \$ 158,788	Total capital assets being depreciated ,net		165,031						=	152,788
	ABC Board capital assets-net	\$	171,031	-					\$	158,788

B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Vendors	
Governmental Activities:		
General	\$	631,289
Library Development Fund		586,718
Other Governmental		1,716
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,219,723
Business-type Activities:		
Solid Waste	\$	54,677
CDOT		8,240
Total Business-type Activities	\$	62,917

2. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic postretirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018, was 8.25% of compensation for law enforcement officers, 7.58% for general employees and firefighters, and 7.58% for DSS employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$701,348 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$2,274,169 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was 0.1489%, which was an increase of 0.0156% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$788,794. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	D	eferred
	C	Outflows of	In	flows of
		Resources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	131,013	\$	64,375
Changes of assumptions		324,783		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		552,171		-
Changes in proportion and differences between County Contributions and proportionate share of contributions		105,065		15,220
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		701,348		-
Total	\$	1,814,380	\$	79,595

\$701,348 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June	
2019	\$ 135,717
2020	686,749
2021	357,987
2022	(147,016)
2023	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ 1,033,437

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 Percent

Salary Increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment Rate of Return 7.20 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.00%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.00%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.00%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.00%	8.9%
Credit	7.00%	6.0%
Inflation	6.00%	4.0%
Total	100.00%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Discount		1% Increase
	(6.20%)	_Ra	ate (7.20%)	_	(8.20%)
County's proportionate share of the	\$ 6,827,105	\$	2,274,169		(1,526,096)
net pension liability (asset)					

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

1 Plan Description

Caswell County administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2016, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	3
Terminated plan members entitled	l
to but not yet receiving benefits.	0
Active plan members	37
Total	40

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> - The County has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3 Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial costs method was used in the December 31, 2016 valuation. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increase	3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity
	factor
Discount Rate	3.16 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2016.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

4 Contributions

The County is required by article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions by employees. The County paid \$19,336 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the County reported total pension liability of \$863,655. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017 based on a December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$76,519.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumption	\$ 47,675 41,119	\$ - 10,636
Benefit payments and administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date Total	22,509 \$ 111,303	\$ 10,636

\$22,509 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ended	June	30:
	2010		

2019	\$ 17,	992
2020	17,	992
2021	17,	992
2022	18,	180
2023	6,	002
Thereafter		_

\$22,509 paid as benefits came due and \$0 of administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.86 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.86 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.16%)	(3.16%)	(4.16%)
Total pension liability	\$ 933,551	\$ 863,655	\$ 799,565

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2018
Beginning balance	\$ 707,495
Service Cost	39,068
Interest on the total pension liability	26,936
Change in benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actuarial experience	58,788
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	50,704
Benefit payments	(19,336)
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 863,655

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflected a change in the discount rate from 3.86 percent at December 31, 2016 to 3.16 percent at December 31, 2017.

Changes in Benefit Terms. Reported compensation adjusted to reflect the assumed rate of pay as of the valuation date.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tales and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

<u>Plan Description</u> - The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of the State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$154,411, which consisted of \$75,734 from the County and \$78,677 from the law enforcement officers.

d. Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for RODSPF. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$3,650 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the County reported an asset of \$28,476 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was 0.1668%, which was a decrease of 0.0067% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$6,303. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred		
	Οι	tflows of	Inflows of		ows of	
	R	esources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	489		\$	92	
Changes of assumptions		4,805			-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,421			-	
Changes in proportion and differences between County Contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,062			465	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,650			-	
Total	\$	12,427		\$	557	

\$3,650 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June	
2019	\$ 4,610
2020	2,715
2021	277
2022	618
Thereafter	-
	\$ 8,220

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 Percent

Salary Increases 3.5 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment Rate of Return 3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2017 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2017 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current rate:

County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

e. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability for LGERS and ROD was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of June 30, 2017, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2016. The County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contribution of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

]	LGERS	ROD	I	LEOSSA	Total
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	\$2	2,274,169	\$ (28,476)	\$	-	\$ 2,245,693
(Asset)		0.1489%	0.1668%		n/a	
Total Pension Liability	\$	-	\$ -	\$	863,655	\$ 863,655
Pension Expenses	\$	788,794	\$ 6,303	\$	76,519	\$ 871,616

At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		LGERS		ROD	L	EOSSA		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	131,013	\$	489	\$	47,675	\$	179,177
Changes of assumptions		324,783		4,805		41,119		370,707
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on								
pension plan investments		552,171		2,421		-		554,592
Change in proportion and differences between County								
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		105,065		1,062		-		106,127
County contributions (LGERS,ROD)/benefit payments								
and adminstration costs (LEOSSA) subsequent to the								
measurement date		701,348		3,650		22,509		727,507
D.C. all.G. a.C.								
Deferred Inflows of Resources	ф	(4.275	ф	02	Ф		Ф	(4.467
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	64,375	\$	92	\$	10.626	\$	64,467
Changes of assumptions		-		-		10,636		10,636
Changes in proportion and differences between County								4 - 40 -
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		15,220		465		-		15,685

e. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description. According to a County resolution, the County provides healthcare benefits through the Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB Plan). The Board of Commissioners may amend the benefit provisions. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. This plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least twenty consecutive years of service or who through disability retirement has five years of creditable service with the County. The County pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits until age 65, at which time the County offers a Medicare Supplement. Also, retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the County's group rates. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

	2017
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	19
Active plan members	232
Total	251

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$3,121,234 was measured as of June 30, 2017 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation2.50 percentReal wage growth1.00 percentWage inflation3.50 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation

General Employees 3.50 to 7.75 percent Law Enforcement Officers 3.50 to 7.35 percent

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Prior Measurement Date 3.01 percent Measurement Date 3.56 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre-Medicare 7.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2023

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2016	\$ 3,177,462
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost at the end of the year*	156,545
Interest on TOL and Cash Flows	93,618
Change in benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(2,529)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(168,400)
Benefit payments	(135,462)
Other	-
Net Changes	\$ (56,228)
Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2017	\$ 3,121,234

^{*}The service cost includes interest for the year.

The discount rate used to measure the TOL was based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by The Bond Buyer.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 - December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County as of June 30, 2017 as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) and 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.56 %)	(3.56 %)	(4.56 %)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 3,436,145	\$ 3,121,234	\$ 2,842,794

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the County at June 30, 2018, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it were to calculate healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 2,787,387	\$ 3,121,234	\$ 3,516,788

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. At June 30, 2018, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$228,743. At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

At June 30, 2018, the components of the net OPEB liability of the County, measured as of June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ -	\$ 2,212
Changes of assumptions	-	147,297
Benefit payments and administrative costs	136,619	-
Total	\$ 136,619	\$ 149,509

\$136,619 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2019	\$ 21,420
2020	21,420
2021	21,420
2022	21,420
2023	21,420
Thereafter	42,409

f. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit will not exceed \$50,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of participants. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are established for employees not engaged in laws enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The County considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3 Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

		Deferred outflows of		Deferred Iflows of
	1	Resources	R	esources
Charge on refunding of debt	\$	12,058	\$	-
(Pensions, OPEB) - difference between expected and actual experience		179,177		66,679
(Pensions, OPEB) Changes of assumptions		370,707		157,933
(Pensions, OPEB) - difference between projected and actual investment		554,592		-
(Pensions, OPEB) - change in proportion and difference between employer		106,127		15,685
contributions and proportionate share of contributions				
Contributions to pension plan subsequent to the measurement date (LGERS,		704,998		-
ROD)				
Benefit payments for the OPEB plan paid subsequent to the		136,619		-
measurement date				
Benefit payments/administration costs paid subsequent to the		22,509		-
measurement date (LEOSSA)				46.504
Prepaid taxes not yet earned (General Fund)		-		46,784
Taxes receivable, net (General)		-		268,172
Taxes receivable, net (Special Revenue)		-		82,342
Total	\$	2,086,787	\$	637,595

4 Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County participates in three self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners.

Through these pools, the County obtains property coverage equal to replacement cost values of owned property subject to total insured values, with sub-limits on coverage for special perils; general, auto, professional, employment practices, and law enforcement liability coverage of \$2 million per occurrence; auto physical damage coverage for owned autos at actual cash value; crime coverage of \$250,000 per occurrence, and workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits.

All property coverage and some liability coverage are subject to per occurrence deductibles, as selected by the County. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the County upon request.

Both of the pools are reinsured through a multi-state public entity captive for single occurrence losses in excess of \$500,000, up to \$2 million limit for liability coverage, and single occurrence losses in excess of \$750,000 for workers' compensation.

Through the captive, the Liability and Property Pool is reinsured for \$2 million of annual aggregate losses in excess of \$250,000 per occurrence for property, auto physical damage and crime coverage, with additional limits of \$498 million purchased through a group of commercial carriers through the multi-state entity captive.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that access to \$100 or more at any given time of the County's funds at any given time are performance bonded through a commercial crime coverage with a \$250,000 occurrence limit. The Director of Finance and tax collector are each bonded for \$100,000 and \$75,000 respectively. The Register of Deeds is bonded for \$25,000.

The County carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Caswell County ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has legal liquor legal liability coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5 Summary of Disclosure of Significant Commitments

a. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2018, the County was a defendant to various lawsuits. In the opinion of the County's management and the County attorney, the County will likely have to pay \$110,398 for an invoice to the NC Department of Public Safety. This charge was a result of the failure of an insurance plan to pay for charges associated with inmate hospital bills. This amount has been recorded as an accounts payable as of June 30, 2018.

b. Long-Term Obligations

a. Capital Leases

Caswell County has entered into a lease agreement to upgrade E911. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. The agreement was executed on June 3, 2013 for the lease equipment to upgrade E911 that requires five annual payments of \$74,088.

		Accumulated	Net Book		
Classes of Property	Cost	Depreciation	Value		
E911 Equipment	\$ 342,480	\$ 273.984	\$ 68,496		

This lease was completed in the year ended June 30, 2018.

b. **Installment Purchase**

Paid or serviced by the General Fund:

Taid of serviced by the General Fund.	
Note payable to Piedmont Electric for purchase of an ambulance. Principal payments of $$36,000$ with no interest for ten years due annually in July.	\$ 144,000
\$995,231 note payable to Piedmont Electric for the Library Improvment project. Principal payments of \$99,523 are due annually starting February 20, 2019. As of June 30, 2018 \$360,000 had been drawn down on the loan.	360,000
Note payable to Pinnacle Public Finance for the Courthouse HVAC replacement project. Principal payments of \$98,000, plus accrued interest at 2.15% are due annually starting August 1, 2016.	788,000
Note payable to American National Bank and Trust Company for the purchase of 5 Sheriff Vehicles. Principal payments of \$51,918, plus accrued interest at 1.93% are due annually starting May 1, 2016.	-
Note payable to American National Bank and Trust Company for the purchase of 12 Fleet Vehicles. Principal payments of \$54,399, plus accrued interest at 2.10% are due annually starting May 1, 2016.	110,149

Installment Purchase (continued)

Note payable to the Fidelity Bank for the purchase of 5 Police Vehicles. Payments of \$54,841, including interest at 2.49% are due annually starting May 1, 2017.

53,490

Total

1,455,639

Caswell County, the future minimum payments as of June 30, 2018, including \$80,950 of interest are:

	Governmer	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Principal Interest						
2019	\$ 376,099	\$	20,606					
2020	328,586		16,033					
2021	198,523		12,685					
2022	160,431		10,557					
2023	98,000		8,428					
2024-2028	294,000		12,641					
Total	\$ 1,455,639	\$	80,950					

c. General Obligation Indebtedness

All general obligation bonds serviced by the County's General Fund are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the County. The County's Water Districts issue general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major water system capital improvements. These bonds, which are recorded in the Water Districts' funds, are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the District. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

The County's general obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2018 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Serviced by the County's General Fund:

General Obligation Bonds:

\$2,560,000 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. Due to February 1 in installments of \$203,250 to \$307,350 through February 1,2021; interest ranging from 2% to 3.25%

\$ 625,000

The annual requirements to amortize debt and related interest on the general obligation bonds and notes payable for future years ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds				
June 30	Principal Interest				
2019	\$ 215,000	\$	19,250		
2020	210,000		12,800		
2021	200,000		6,500		
Total	\$ 625,000	\$	38,550		

d. **Private Placement Bonds**

The County records long-term debt of the government funds at face value in the government-wide financial statements. The County issued private placement bonds to provide funds for the construction of the new detention center. Principal and interest payments are appropriated when due.

The County's private placement bonds payable at June 30, 2018 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Serviced by the County's General Fund:

\$8,567,000 2011 Bonds Due February 1 and August 1 in installments of \$142,426 to \$447,983 through August 1, 2016; interest 3.325% \$5,577,000

		Governmental Activities					
Year Ending		Revolving Loans					
June 30	I	Principal Interest					
2019	\$	656,000	\$	179,982			
2020		656,000		158,170			
2021		656,000		136,358			
2022		656,000		114,546			
2023		656,000		92,734			
2024-2027		2,297,000		152,802			
Total	\$	5,577,000	\$	834,592			

f. Long-Term Obligation Activity:

The following is a summary of changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance				Balance	Current
Governmental Activities:	July 1,2017	Increases	Decreases	Jυ	ine 30, 2018	Portion
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 845,000	\$ -	\$ 220,000	\$	625,000	\$ 215,000
Plus premiums on issuance	7,079	-	1,770		5,309	1,770
Total General obligation bonds	852,079	-	221,770		630,309	216,770
Capital Leases	71,605	-	71,605		-	-
Private placement bonds	6,233,000	-	656,000		5,577,000	656,000
Installment purchase	1,422,030	360,000	326,391		1,455,639	376,099
Compensated Absences	685,059	724,522	685,059		724,522	181,131
Net pension liability (LGERS)	2,753,749	-	539,299		2,214,450	-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	707,495	156,160	-		863,655	-
Net OPEB liability	2,858,088	215,828	128,906		2,945,010	-
Total governmental activities	\$ 15,583,105	\$ 1,456,510	\$ 2,629,030	\$	14,410,585	\$ 1,430,000

Long-Term Obligation Activity (C	ontin	ued)				
	I	Balance			Balance	Current
	Ju	ly 1,2017	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2018	Portion
Business-type Activities:						
Net OPEB liability						
Solid Waste	\$	95,293	\$ 7,196	\$ 4,298	\$ 98,191	\$ -
Caswell Div. Transport		75,730	5,719	3,416	78,033	-
Total		171,023	12,915	7,714	176,224	-
Net Pension Liability(LGERS)						
Solid Waste		27,011	_	5,291	21,720	-
Caswell Div. Transportation		47,251	_	9,252	37,999	-
Total		74,262	-	14,543	59,719	-
Compensated Absence						
Solid Waste		10,484	11,933	10,484	11,933	2,983
Caswell Div. Transpiration		12,882	12,219	12,882	12,219	3,055
Total		23,366	24,152	23,366	24,152	6,038
Accrued post closure liability		77,625	-	9,876	67,749	-
Total Business-type activities	\$	346,276	\$ 37,067	\$ 55,499	\$ 327,844	\$ 6,038

Compensated absences, post employment benefits and the net pension obligation for governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Compensated absences and postemployment benefits for business-type activities are generally liquidated by the Solid Waste Management Fund and the Caswell Division Transportation Fund.

On June 30, 2018, Caswell County had a legal debt margin of \$130,779,625.

g. Closure and Post closure Care Costs- Solid Waste Landfill Facility

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its Solid Waste Landfill Facility when it stops accepting waste and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The Caswell County landfill closed in 1994. The \$67,749 reported as accrued landfill closure liability at June 30, 2018 represents the latest estimate for costs remaining.

The County has met the requirements of a local government financial tests that helps determine if a unit is financially able to meet closure and postclosure care requirements. The County budgets annually for postclosure care. In the event a natural occurrence, inflation or any other unforeseen event occurs, the County would appropriate funds from the Solid Waste fund balance and/or increase charges to future solid waste customers.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

D.

Transfers from /to other funds						
From the School Capital Reverse Fund to the General Fund payments	for school bond	\$	710,850			
From the Emergency Telephone System Fund for funding for pr	roject		55,565			
From the General Fund to the School Capital Reverse Fund for a	restricted sales tax		978,690			
From the General Fund to the Special Fire Department f departments rescue operations	for volunteer fire		573,819			
From the General Fund to the Revaluation Fund for revaluation reserve and expense paid.						
Total	\$	2,348,924				
Due from/to other funds						
From the Scattered Site Fund to General Fund for central deposit	tory overdraft	\$	1,367			
From the Emergency Telephone Fund to General Fund for overdraft		5,437				
Total		\$	6,804			
Net Investment in Capital Assets						
	Governmental	Bu	siness-type			
Net Capital assets	\$ 22,147,749	\$	683,755			
Capital debt calculation:						
Total debt, gross	7,657,639		-			
Less: School debt for assets to which the county does not hold title	(625,000)		-			
Add back:						
Unspent Loan Proceeds	13,967					
Adjusted Debt	7,046,606					
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 15,101,143	\$	683,755			

E. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriations:

Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 7,018,071
Less:	
Nonspendable - prepaids	\$ 67,924
Stabilization by State Statute	1,686,275
Appropriated fund balance in 2019 budget	395,328
Register of Deeds	57,002
Tax Revaluation	128,291
Education	998,023
LEO Separation	33,816
Remaining Fund Balance	3,651,412

The County outstanding encumbrances of \$34,200 at June 30, 2018.

NOTE IV: Joint Ventures

Caswell County participates with Alamance, Cabarrus, Chatham, Davidson, Franklin, Granville, Halifax, Orange, Person, Rowan, Stanly, Union, Vance, and Warren counties in an Area Authority and Managed Care Organization operated by Cardinal Innovations. The Area Board is comprised of a single governing board and community oversight boards; one for each community operations center. The appointment of members to the governing board and the community oversight boards is in accordance with bylaws set forth in the Joint Resolution. The County does not retain an equity interest in the program. Complete financial statements for Cardinal Innovations Health Care Solutions may be obtained from their administrative officers located at Community Operations, 201 Sage Road Suite 300, Chapel Hill, NC 27214.

NOTE V: Joint Governed Organization

Piedmont Triad Council of Governments

The Council is a voluntary association of the country governments, established as a jointly governed organization of the participating counties to coordinate funding from federal and State agencies. Each county appoints one member of the Council's governing board, whose responsibilities include approving the budget and designating the management of the Council. The participating counties do not retain an ongoing financial interest in or responsibility for the Council.

Person- Caswell Lake

The Authority is a jointly governed organization formed by Person and Caswell Counties to regulate the use of Hyco Lake. Each county appoints three members to the Authority, but neither county provides funding, nor do they retain an ongoing financial interest there in or for the Authority.

Joint Goverend Organization (continued)

Piedmont Community

The County provides a small percentage of the College's annual operating budget, but the College is not fiscally dependent upon this annual allocation. The County does not retain an ongoing interest in or responsibility for the College.

Piedmont Triad Partnership

The partnership is an economic development marketing arm of North Carolina's Piedmont Triad Region. The region is marketed domestically and internationally to attract new business investments and new job creation. The Partnership teams with the local economic development offices in the region and with the North Carolina Department of Commerce to provide economic ,demographic, site, building, and labor information to companies and consultants around the globe. The participating counties do not retain ongoing financial interest in or responsibility for the Partnership. The Caswell County Board of Commissioners appoints one member to the Partnership Board.

NOTE VI: Related Party Transactions

Caswell County had contractual agreements with a board members during the fiscal year. The County had a contract operator agreement with William Carter as a contract distribution operator . The annual cost is \$9,600, paid in monthly installments of \$800. At fiscal year-end, the agreement was binding and there were no outstanding payments due.

NOTE VII: Benefit Payments Issued by the State

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the State from federal and State moneys. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the State. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients, which do not appear in the general purpose financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

	Federal	State
Medicaid	\$ 22,877,789	\$ 12,215,960
State Children's Insurance Program	359,453	146
Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	266,535	-
Food and Nutrition Services	5,740,029	=
IV-E Adopt & Vendor & Gua	96,972	23,505
Family Perservation	8,887	-
TANF Payments and Penalties	97,941	-
CWS Adopt, Vendor, Guard	-	24,851
SAA/SAD HB 1030	-	14,586
SC/SA Domiciliary Care		232,481
Totals	\$ 29,447,606	\$ 12,511,529

NOTE VIII: Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may by questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

NOTE IX: Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

The County has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2018 and November 30, 2018, which is the date that that financial statements were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. A School Board Referendum passed for additional bond funding not to exceed \$36.5 million. The Board anticipated issuing GO Bonds or receiving a USDA loan for \$18.5 million to fund this project, but this has not been finalized as of the report date.

NOTE X: Change in Accounting Principles/ Restatement

The County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The implementation of the statement required the County to record beginning net OPEB liability and the effects on net position of contributions paid by the County during the measurement period, as well as the removal of the net OPEB obligation. As a result, net position for the governmental and business-type activities decreased by \$1,392,008 and \$87,860, respectively.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of County Contributions for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) for the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of County Contributions for the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability (LEO)
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (LEO)
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Caswell County, North Carolina Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Local Government Employees' Retirement System Last Five Fiscal Years*

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.149%	0.133%	0.131%	0.133%	0.140%
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$2,274,169	\$2,828,011	\$ 589,761	\$ (784,126)	\$ 1,685,126
County's covered-employee payroll	\$9,011,653	\$8,200,875	\$7,859,926	\$7,663,282	\$ 7,805,541
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	25.24%	34.48%	7.50%	-10.23%	21.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	102.64%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be he same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Caswell County, North Carolina Schedule of County Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement System Last Five Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

		-	-		
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 701,348	\$ 672,660	\$ 560,597	\$ 556,303	\$ 544,352
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	701,348	672,660	560,597	556,303	544,352
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,118,194	\$ 9,011,653	\$ 8,200,875	\$ 7,859,926	\$ 7,663,282
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.69%	7.46%	6.84%	7.08%	7.10%

Caswell County, North Carolina Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Five Fiscal Years*

		2018	 2017	2016	2015	 2014
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (%)	(0.167%	0.174%	0.169%	0.170%	0.150%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (\$)	\$	(28,476)	\$ (32,441)	\$ (39,108)	\$ (38,487)	\$ (32,021)
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	43,826	\$ 42,129	\$ 38,950	\$ 41,282	\$ 41,282
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-64.98%	-77.00%	-100.41%	-93.23%	-77.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		153.77%	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%	190.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

Caswell County, North Carolina Schedule of County Contributions Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Last Five Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	 2016	 2015	2014
County's required contribution	\$ 3,650	\$ 3,225	\$ 2,856	\$ 2,753	\$ 1,386
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	3,650	 3,225	 2,856	 2,753	1,386
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 48,153	\$ 43,826	\$ 42,129	\$ 38,950	\$ 41,282
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.58%	7.36%	6.78%	7.07%	3.36%

Caswell County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 707,495	\$ 683,438
Service Cost	39,068	35,387
Interest on the total pension liability	26,936	24,054
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in		
measurement of the total pension liability	58,788	-
Changs of assumptions or other inputs	50,704	(16,048)
Benefit payments	(19,336)	(19,336)
Other changes	- -	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 863,655	\$ 707,495

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

Caswell County, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018	2017		
Total pension liability	\$	863,655	\$	707,495	
Covered payroll	1,576,149		1,388,436		
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		54.80%		50.96%	

Notes to the schedules:

Caswell County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits

Caswell County, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2018

Total OPEB Liability	<u>2018</u>
Service cost	\$ 156,545
Interest	93,618
Changes of benefit terms	_
Differences between expected and actual experience	(2,529)
Changes of assumptions	(168,400)
Benefit payments	(135,462)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 (56,228)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	3,177,462
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 3,121,234
Covered payroll	8,360,051
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	37.34%

Notes to Schedule

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	<u>Rate</u>
2018	3.56%

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- General Fund: This fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.
- **Library Development Fund:** This fund is used to account for funds set aside for equipment and capital improvements at the library.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		2017
			Variance	
			Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues				
Ad valorem Taxes				
Current year		\$ 12,092,735		\$ 10,870,790
Prior Year		280,160		303,489
Penalties and interest		153,587		129,239
Total	\$ 12,700,388	12,526,482	\$ (173,906)	11,303,518
Other Taxes and Licenses				
Sales Tax	3,206,946	3,337,941	130,995	3,011,311
Medicaid hold harmless	344,000	230,021	(113,979)	309,926
Privilege License	600	515	(85)	645
Cable television	14,500	15,446	946	14,798
Occupancy tax	-	1,117	1,117	· -
Total	3,566,046	3,585,040	18,994	3,336,680
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues	04.225	02.071	(1.254)	06.724
Beer and wine Gasoline tax refund	94,225	92,971	(1,254)	96,734
Indirect costs	1,000	72.420	(1,000)	72.420
ABC Distribution	72,430	72,430	2 522	72,430
DWI State/Civil license revocation	12,000 2,500	14,522	2,522	11,823
Total	182,155	1,485	(1,015)	1,614
Total	162,133	161,406	(/4/)	182,001
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenues				
Federal and state grants	4,860,297	4,661,106	(199,191)	4,687,850
School share of sales tax	824,980	805,097	(19,883)	807,869
Court facilities fees	49,000	47,834	(1,166)	57,123
ABC Board bottle tax	7,500	8,396	896	11,553
Sheriff-DEA Funds	15,012	999	(14,013)	5,122
EMS Medicaid Cost Settlement	80,000	72,812	(7,188)	-
School resource officer	82,432	82,432	-	82,432
Section 8	989,072	1,026,057	36,985	1,030,375
Total	6,908,293	6,704,733	(203,560)	6,682,324
Permits and Fees				
Subdivision fees	2,000	1,665	(335)	1,767
Building permits and inspection fees	115,000	111,170	(3,830)	82,486
Outdoor storage ordinance	550	650	100	450
Tax collections fees	10,626	10,668	42	10,672
Election fees	8,390	7,998	(392)	-
Register of Deeds	166,482	177,328	10,846	168,914
Concealed weapon permit	38,750	37,031	(1,719)	34,943
Impound fee	2,000	1,380	(620)	3,810
Civil case processing	29,000	24,464	(4,536)	24,718
Jail telephone fees	13,500	16,391	2,891	18,186
Animal control fees	150	525	375	7,361
Parks & Recreation fees	58,500	47,017	(11,483)	52,879
Farmer lake fees	13,200	7,103	(6,097)	6,247
Tax and map cards/GIS	2,200	1,714	(486)	1,960
4-H Activities	5,601	14,877	9,276	14,630
Cooperative Extension	17,103	9,845	(7,258)	9,795
Other	209,675	224,043	14,368	200,481
Total	692,727	693,869	1,142	639,299

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		2017
			Variance	
			Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Sales and Services				
Rents, concessions and fees	46,426	46,816	390	47,451
Jail fees	12,592	12,641	49	6,823
Ambulance fees	10,000	35,222	25,222	26,561
EMS source collections	775,000	626,192	(148,808)	732,081
Health department fees	742,932	896,687	153,755	987,763
Senior fees	97,271	215,280	118,009	169,757
Library fees Detention center fees	9,339	8,261	(1,078)	12,686
Guilford Mills reimbursement	121,624	130,774	9,150	49,571
Other	15,000 7,527	14,142 15,293	(858) 7,766	20,069 9,358
Total	1,837,711	2,001,308	163,597	2,062,120
Interest on investments	15,650	65,745	50,095	27,193
Miscellaneous				
Other	39,556	9,695	(49,251)	72,056
Total	39,556	9,695	(49,251)	72,056
Total Revenues	25,942,526	25,768,280	(193,636)	24,305,791
Expenditures				
General Government:				
Governing Body				
Salaries and employee benefits	58,002	57,378	624	57,424
Other operating expenditures	17,180	9,090	8,090	10,594
Total	75,182	66,468	8,714	68,018
Administration				
Salaries and employee benefits	280,889	277,159	3,730	243,266
Other operating expenditures	68,990	69,867	(877)	79,988
Total	349,879	347,026	2,853	323,254
Board of Elections				
Salaries and employee benefits	78,408	81,678	(3,270)	76,040
Other operating expenditures	59,174	43,162	16,012	49,373
Capital Outlay	- 125.502	-	- 10.540	-
Total	137,582	124,840	12,742	125,413
Finance				
Salaries and employee benefits	243,191	225,448	17,743	206,837
Other operating expenditures	16,565	13,728	2,837	7,782
Capital Outlay	<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>	-
Total	259,756	239,176	20,580	214,619
Tax Office				
Salaries and employee benefits	264,659	243,119	21,540	252,393
Other operating expenditures	288,900	296,597	(7,697)	204,949
Capital Outlay	13,500	-	13,500	3,408
Total	567,059	539,716	27,343	460,750

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		2017
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Register of Deeds				
Salaries	145,400	134,102	11,298	127,279
Other operating expenditures	79,267	72,775	6,492	65,129
Capital Outlay	6,000	160	5,840	740
Total	230,667	207,037	23,630	193,148
Court Facilities				
Other operating expenditures	49,480	53,276	(3,796)	49,184
Total	49,480	53,276	(3,796)	49,184
Public Facilities				
Salaries and employee benefits	235,301	233,340	1,961	203,403
Other operating expenditures	322,050	316,296	5,754	314,614
Capital Outlay	121,397	83,349	38,048	222,038
Total	678,748	632,985	45,763	740,055
Information Technology	co 456	(2.662	(20.6)	
Salaries and employee benefits	62,456	62,662	(206)	54,154
Other operating expenditures	31,300	18,590	12,710	8,231
Capital Outlay	6,800	428	6,372	(2.295
Total	100,556	81,680	18,876	62,385
Nondepartmental				
Health insurance-retirees	109,948	131,212	(21,264)	99,831
Unemployment insurance	15,000	14,319	681	10,310
Professional Services	194,737	188,679	6,058	91,638
Supplies	4,000	5,470	(1,470)	2,797
Maintenance and repairs	9,430	8,425	1,005	7,091 748
Advertising Dues and subscription	1,500 26.745	1,617	(117)	
Insurance bond	26,745 360,000	16,154 312,978	10,591 47,022	27,762 310,053
Customer Service Agreement	0	0	47,022	96,839
Wellness benefits/ activities	24,588	5,498	19,090	7,180
County Facility	1,000	559	441	1,009
Copier Rental Fee	11,433	7,370	4,063	9,794
Total	758,381	692,281	66,100	665,052
Total General Government	3,207,290	2,984,485	222,805	2,901,878
Public safety:				
Sheriff				
Salaries	2,062,257	2,002,557	59,700	1,968,902
Other operating expenditures	382,882	289,959	92,923	329,752
Capital Outlay	40,715	52,158	(11,443)	170,017
Total	2,485,854	2,344,674	141,180	2,468,671
Jail				
Salaries and employee benefits	947,671	955,944	(8,273)	855,790
Other operating expenditures	596,493	645,508	(49,015)	483,650
Total	1,544,164	1,601,452	(57,288)	1,339,440

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		2017
			Variance	
			Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Emergency Management				
Salaries and employee benefits	7,484	28	7,456	66,724
Other operating expenditures	70,957	24,014	46,943	80,215
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	4,594
Total	78,441	24,042	54,399	151,533
911 communications				
Salaries and employee benefit	481,378	468,557	12,821	460,078
Other operating expenditures	43,516	55,674	(12,158)	41,737
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
Total	524,894	524,231	663	501,815
School resource officer				
Salaries and employee benefits	108,696	97,584	11,112	99,323
Other operating expenditures	8,440	4,659	3,781	4,175
Total	117,136	102,243	14,893	103,498
Inspections				
Salaries and employee benefit	123,786	123,313	473	87,142
Other operating expenditures	13,995	11,680	2,315	32,281
Total	137,781	134,993	2,788	119,423
Emergency medical services				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,531,376	1,525,037	6,339	1,502,328
Other operating expenditures	279,541	262,042	17,499	351,219
Capital outlay		6,000	(6,000)	131,917
Total	1,810,917	1,793,079	17,838	1,985,464
Coroner				
Professional services	7,200	6,800	400	9,534
Autopsy	21,500	21,000	500	1,750
Total	28,700	27,800	900	11,284
Total Public Safety	6,727,887	6,552,514	175,373	6,681,128
Environmental Protection				
Soil and water conservation service				
Salaries and employee benefits	98,652	98,388	264	94,464
Other operating expenditures	13,262	9,031	4,231	7,418
Total	111,914	107,419	4,495	101,882
Total Environmental Protection	111,914	107,419	4,495	101,882

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		2017
			Variance	
			Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Economic and Physical Development:				
Economic Development				
Other operating expenditures	175,149	151,100	24,049	158,125
Total	175,149	151,100	24,049	158,125
Extension Service				
Salaries and employee benefits	274,631	248,432	26,199	238,837
Other operating expenditures	51,105	43,020	8,085	38,255
Total	325,736	291,452	34,284	277,092
Planning Board				
Salaries and employee benefits	61,047	59,932	1,115	54,401
Other operating expenditures	8,475	8,667	(192)	9,928
Total	69,522	68,599	923	64,329
Total Economic and Physical Develop	570,407	511,151	59,256	499,546
Human services:				
Health				
Salaries and employee benefits	2,194,384	1,946,749	247,635	2,037,976
Other operating expenditures Capital outlay	647,334 7,000	550,101 200	97,233 6,800	525,678 20,713
Total	2,848,718	2,497,050	351,668	2,584,367
Mental Health	5,000	7.024	(2.024)	10.070
Alcohol rehabilitation Alamance - Caswell Area Mental Health	5,000 92,197	7,034 71,606	(2,034) 20,591	10,870 115,061
Total	97,197	78,640	18,557	125,931
Animal control				
Salaries and employee benefits	83,171	83,293	(122)	81,334
Other operating expenditures	140,900	140,561	339	134,525
Total	224,071	223,854	217	215,859
Social Services Administration				
Salaries	2,440,553	2,360,308	80,245	2,222,438
Other operating expenditures	326,213	261,062	65,151	234,056
Capital outlay	92,018	78,192	13,826	97,882
Total	2,858,784	2,699,562	159,222	2,554,376
Purchased Services				
Day care services	110,587	28,590	81,997	435,595
Smart start-child daycare	12,055	7,931	4,124	111,811
State boarding home programs	50,324	46,840	3,484	69,711
E-funds	10,556	7,416	3,140	8,042
Total	183,522	90,777	92,745	625,159

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		2017
			Variance	
			Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
JOBS				
Supportive Services	7,000	6,493	507	12,729
Total	7,000	6,493	507	12,729
Aid to families with dependent children				
Program payments	151,680	147,916	3,764	134,289
General Aid				
Program Payments	255,149	243,405	11,744	271,737
Medical assistance				
Program payments	20,208	-	20,208	2,413
Other count assistance				
Fuel emergencies	220,939	217,298	3,641	218,870
Total	220,939	217,298	3,641	218,870
Section 8 Housing Authority				
Salaries and employee benefits	137,733	137,652	81	124,393
Other operating expenditures	28,410	16,494	11,916	22,254
Housing assistance payments	860,072	888,632	(28,560)	884,704
Total	1,026,215	1,042,778	(16,563)	1,031,351
Nutrition program				
Salaries and employee benefits	227,231	223,058	4,173	208,157
Other operating expenditures	216,279	217,262	(983)	215,253
Capital Outlay		-		2,026
Total	443,510	440,320	3,190	425,436
Senior Center	217.000	256.556	(50.550)	265.225
Other operating expenditures	217,998	276,576	(58,578)	365,237
Total	217,998	276,576	(58,578)	365,237
SHIP Grant Other operating expenditures	1,910	356	1,554	
Other operating expenditures	1,910	330	1,334	-
DJJDP	05.252	04.711	541	01.147
Salaries and employee benefit	95,252	94,711	541	81,147
Other operating expenditures Capital Outlay	16,560 4,951	16,798	(238) 4,951	23,899
Total	116,763	111,509	5,254	105,046
r 1 a :				
Family Services Salaries and employee benefits	120,611	138,652	(18,041)	124,613
	54,500	43,911	10,589	57,256
Other operating expenditures	34.300	+3,711	10,367	37.230

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		2017
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Special appropriations				
Aging Program	276,000	287,428	(11,428)	240,653
Caswell Parish, INC	10,000	10,000	-	20,833
Cooperative Forestry	70,410	70,410	-	71,299
CCR&R partnership	3,000	3,000	-	3,000
Caswell Historical Society	2,500	2,500	-	2,500
Administration	1,000	1,000		22,064
Total	362,910	374,338	(11,428)	360,349
Total Human Services	9,211,685	8,633,435	578,250	9,215,018
Cultural and Recreational:				
Library				
Salaries and employee benefits	231,317	231,902	(585)	236,368
Other operating expenditures Capital Outlay	73,047	58,924	14,123	86,298
Total	304,364	290,826	13,538	322,666
Recreation				
Salaries and employee benefits	171,877	173,071	(1,194)	158,332
Other operating expenditures	105,057	106,667	(1,610)	118,381
Capital Outlay	8,400	-	8,400	-
Total	285,334	279,738	5,596	276,713
Farmer Lake				
Salaries and employee benefits	48,918	49,197	(279)	40,985
Other operating expenditures	21,720	15,269	6,451	11,583
Capital Outlay	10,276	10,276	<u> </u>	-
Total	80,914	74,742	6,172	52,568
Other				
Art Council	2,500	2,500		2,500
Total Cultural and Recreational	673,112	647,806	25,306	654,447
Education:				
Public School				
Current Expense	2,600,000	2,600,000	-	2,600,000
Capital Outlay	465,000	465,000	-	465,000
Teacher Supplement	300,000	300,000	-	300,000
Piedmont Community College	206.105	206.105		0.50
Current Expense	306,195	306,195	-	273,060
Capital Outlay	65,000	65,000		154,180
Total Education	3,791,195	3,791,195		3,792,240

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		2017
	Rudget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Debt service:				
Principal	1,301,318	1,273,996	27,322	1,268,545
Interest payments	227,645	254,048	(26,403)	319,698
Debt issuance cost				
Total debt service	1,528,963	1,528,044	919	1,588,243
Total expenditures	25,822,453	24,756,049	1,066,404	25,434,382
Revenue over (under) expenditures	120,073	1,012,231	892,158	(1,128,591)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Loan Proceeds	-	-	_	160,205
Sale of Equipment	-	50,000	50,000	-
Transfers from other funds				
School Capital reserve fund	710,850	710,850	_	722,600
Emergency telephone system fund	55,565	55,565	-	55,565
Water Capital Project	-	· -	-	206
Senior Center Project	-	-	-	16,973
Total	766,415	766,415		795,344
Transfers to other funds				
School capital reserve fund	(824,980)	(978,690)	(153,710)	(807,868)
Special fire districts fund	(573,819)	(573,819)	(133,710)	(574,004)
Detention Center Project	(373,017)	(575,017)	_	(22,294)
County Building Fund	_	_	_	(5,922)
School Project Fund	_	_	_	(426)
Revaluation fund	(30,000)	(30,000)	_	(30,000)
Total	(1,428,799)	(1,582,509)	(153,710)	(1,440,514)
Appropriated fund balance	542,311	-	(542,311)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(120,073)	(766,094)	(646,021)	(484,965)
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under expenditures and other uses	\$ -	246,137	\$ 246,137	(1,613,556)
Fund balance- July 1		5,645,621		7,259,177
Restatement of fund balance (see Note X)				
Fund balance- June 30		\$ 5,891,758		\$ 5,645,621
1 and odianee same 50		Ψ 5,071,730		ψ 5,045,021

Caswell County, North Carolina Revaluation Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variance Positive Budget Actual (Negative) A	2017 .ctual
	173
Revenues:	173
Investment earnings \$ 300 \$ 576 \$ 276 \$	
Total revenues 300 576 276	173
Expenditures: General government	
Revaluation of tax base 30,300 - 30,300	
Revenues over (under) expenditures (30,000) 576 30,576	173
Other financing sources	
Appropriated Fund Balance Transfers from other funds	-
General Fund 30,000 - 30,000 -	30,000
Emergency Telephone Fund	-
Total 30,000	30,000
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures \$ - 30,576 \$ 30,576	30,173
Fund balance, beginning 97,714	67,541
Fund balance, ending \$ 128,290 \$	97,714

Caswell County, North Carolina Capital Reserve Fund- School Capital Outlay Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures

And Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		2017
REVENUES	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)	<u>Actual</u>
Interest on Investments	\$ 2,000	\$ 5,533	\$ 3,533	\$ 2,292
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Reserve Education Total Expenditures	116,130	- - -	116,130 - 116,130	- -
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(114,130)	5,533	119,663	2,292
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer from other funds General Fund Transfers to other funds General Fund Appropriated fund balance	824,980 (710,850)	978,690 (710,850)	(153,710)	807,869 (722,600)
Total other financing sources (uses)	114,130	267,840	(153,710)	85,269
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	<u>\$ -</u>	273,373	\$ (34,047)	87,561
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year- July 1		724,650		637,089
End of year- June 30		\$ 998,023		\$ 724,650

Caswell County, North Carolina Library Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Act	ual	_
D	Project Authorization	Actual Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Actual Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Golden Leaf Foundation Danville Regional Foundation Cannon Grant Other Contributions Investment earnings Total Revenue	\$ 700,200 455,000 50,000 2,021 - 1,207,221	\$ - - - - 40 40	\$ - 455,000 75,000 - 108 530,108	\$ - 455,000 75,000 - 148 530,148	\$ (700,200) - 25,000 (2,021) 148 (677,073)
Expenditures:					
Cultural and Recreational Admin and Engineering Building Renovation New Construction Fixtures and Equipment Parking Lot Contingency Total Revenues over (under) expenditures	140,457 496,020 1,243,324 115,246 144,000 75,334 2,214,381 (1,007,160)	9,168	151,217 - 886,081 4,405 - - 1,041,703 (511,595)	160,385 - 886,081 4,405 - 1,050,871 (520,723)	(19,928) 496,020 357,243 110,841 144,000 75,334 1,163,510
revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,007,100)	(2,120)	(311,373)	(320,723)	400,437
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Loan proceeds Transfer from other funds	995,000 12,160	<u>-</u>	360,000	360,000	(635,000) (12,160)
Total other financing sources	1,007,160		360,000	360,000	(647,160)
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	\$ -	\$ (9,128)	(151,595)	\$ (160,723)	\$ (160,723)
Fund balance, beginning			13,881		
Fund balance, ending			\$ (137,714)		

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

- **Special Fire District Fund:** This special revenue fund is used to account for taxes collected for fire districts.
- **Emergency Telephone System Fund:** This fund is used to set aside money for 911.
- **Revolving Loan Fund:** This fund is used to account for an economic incentive grant that is loaned out.
- **Special Grants Fund:** This fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursement made for various special projects.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment.

- **Scattered Site Fund:** This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures to rehabilitate substandard rural housing.
- **County Building Fund:** This fund is used to account for funds set aside for county buildings.
- **Equipment and Automation Fund:** This fund is used to account for funds set aside for equipment.
- **School Capital Projects Fund:** This fund is used to account for funds set aside for capital projects for Caswell County Schools.
- **Courthouse HVAC Project Fund:** This fund is used to account for the HVAC replacement project at the Courthouse.

Caswell County, North Carolina Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2018

				Special R	evenu	enue Funds					Capital Project Funds									
	Spec Fi Dist Fu	re trict	Te	mergency elephone System Fund	R	evolving Loan Fund		Special Grant Fund	S	cattered Site Fund	Bu	ounty ilding und		quipment and itomation Fund	Ca Pro	nool pital jects ind	I I	ourthouse HVAC Project Fund	Total	
ASSETS		iiu .		1 unu		1 und		1 unu		1 unu		und		Tuliu		ina		Tuna	Total	
Current Assets:																				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3'	7,095	\$	-	\$	9,735	\$	123,225	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,068	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 207,123	
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted				-		-		-		-		-		-		-		13,967	13,967	
Taxes receivable		2,342		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	82,342	
Accounts receivable	32	2,483		22,250		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	54,733	
Total assets	\$ 15	1,920	\$	22,250	\$	9,735	\$	123,225	\$	-	\$		\$	37,068	\$		\$	13,967	\$ 358,165	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																				
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	641	\$	1,075 5,437	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,367	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,716 6,804	
Total liabilities		641		6,512		-		-		1,367				-				-	8,520	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	82	2,342																	82,342	
Fund balances: Restricted:																				
Stabilization by State Statute	32	2,483		22,250		_		_		-		_		_		_		_	54,733	
Public Safety		6,454		-		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	36,454	
Economic Development		-, -		-		9,735		_		_		-		-		_		13,967	23,702	
Human Services				-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	
Unassigned		-		(6,512)		-				(1,367)		-						_	(7,879)	
Total fund balances	68	8,937		15,738		9,735		123,225		(1,367)		-		37,068				13,967	267,303	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of																				
resources, and fund balances	\$ 15	1,920	\$	22,250	\$	9,735	\$	123,225	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,068	\$	-	\$	13,967	\$ 358,165	

Caswell County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds						Capital Project Funds										
		Special Fire Tax District	Tele S	ergency ephone ystem Fund	Ro	evolving Loan Fund	 Special Grant Fund	S	cattered Site Fund	County Building Fund		uipment and tomation Fund	Scho Cap Proj Fu	oital ects	Courth HVA Proje Fun	AC ect	Total
REVENUES																	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	372,258	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 372,258
Other Taxes and License		6,054		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-	6,054
Restricted intergovernmental		-		449,667		4,200	-		170,851	-		-		-		-	624,718
Investment earnings		-		1,008		-	47		-	-		128		-		-	1,183
Contributions		-		-		-			-	-		-		-		-	-
Miscellaneous		-		-			 					-					
Total revenues		378,312		450,675		4,200	 47		170,851			128				-	1,004,213
EXPENDITURES Public Safety Economic Development Cultural and Recreational		879,383 -		446,469		20,000	- -		170,851	- -		-		-		-	1,325,852 190,851
Total expenditures		879,383		446,469		20,000	 		170,851			<u>-</u>			-		1,516,703
Total expenditures		679,363		440,409		20,000	 		170,631		-			<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	1,510,705
Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(501,071)		4,206		(15,800)	 47					128					(512,490)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	<u>S)</u>																
Transfers-out General Fund Loan proceeds		573,819		(55,565)		- -	 - -		- -	-		- -		- -		- -	518,254
Total other financing sources		550 010		(======													510 0 51
(uses)		573,819		(55,565)			 										518,254
Change in Fund Balances		72,748		(51,359)		(15,800)	47		-	-		128		-		-	5,764
Fund Balance- July 1		(3,811)		67,097		25,535	 123,178		(1,367)			36,940			13,	967	261,539
Fund Balance- June 30	\$	68,937	\$	15,738	\$	9,735	\$ 123,225	\$	(1,367)	\$ -	\$	37,068	\$	-	\$ 13,	967	\$ 267,303

Caswell County, North Carolina Special Fire District Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures

And Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		2017
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)	<u>Actual</u>
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 434,600	\$ 372,258	\$ 67,180	\$ 365,545
Other taxes				
Sales taxes	4,500	6,054	1,034	5,313
Total	439,100	378,312	68,214	370,858
EXPENDITURES				
Public Safety				
Sales tax distribution	4,500	6,053	-	6,806
Caswell Fire District	36,299	42,826	-	22,285
Travel	1,500	1,500	-	3,000
Aid to volunteer fire departments	792,319	792,319	-	792,504
Rescue operations	30,000	30,000	-	30,000
Fire tax balance	148,301	6,685	-	94,729
Total Expenditures	1,012,919	879,383	_	949,324
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(573,819)	(501,071)	68,214	(578,466)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer from other funds				
General Fund	573,819	573,819	-	574,004
Appropriated fund balance				
Total other financing sources (uses)	573,819	573,819	<u> </u>	574,004
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$ -	72,748	\$ 68,214	(4,462)
Beginning of year- July 1		(3,811)		651
End of year- June 30		\$ 68,937		\$ (3,811)

Caswell County, North Carolina Emergency Telephone System Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018		2017
			Variance	
			Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
REVENUES				
Restricted Intergovernmental revenues:				
PSAP Funds	\$ 266,998	\$ 449,667	\$ 182,669	\$ 254,589
Investment earnings	300	1,008	708	376
Total Revenues	267,298	450,675	183,377	254,965
EVDENDITUDES				
EXPENDITURES Dublin Section				
Public Safety:	04.560	07.200	(12.721)	77.597
Salaries	84,569	97,290	(12,721)	77,587
Telephone	19,175	21,657	(2,482)	19,053
Maintenance and repairs	57,150	35,369	21,781	24,566
Small tools/ equipment	28,120	42,679	(14,559)	36,665
Other expenses	75,181	28,921	46,260	14,871
Capital Outlay	189,498	220,553	(31,055)	187,921
Total	453,693	446,469	7,224	360,663
Total Expenditures	453,693	446,469	7,224	360,663
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(186,395)	4,206	190,601	(105,698)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1			
Fund balance appropriated	241,960	_	(241,960)	_
Transfers from other funds	211,500		(211,500)	
General Fund	_	_	_	_
Transfers to other funds				
General Fund	(55,565)	(55,565)		(55,565)
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	186,395	(55,565)	(241,960)	(55,565)
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	100,393	(55,505)	(241,900)	(33,303)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources				
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	(51,359)	\$ (51,359)	(161,263)
Over (Chaer) Expenditures	Ψ	(31,337)	(31,337)	(101,203)
Fund balance, beginning		67,097		228,360
Tana outaires, organismig		01,071		220,300
Fund balance, ending		\$ 15,738		\$ 67,097

Caswell County, North Carolina Emergency Telephone System Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		2018		2017
Explanation for transfers	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Transfers to adjust beginning balance to actual		\$ -		\$ -
Transfer to repay General Fund for expense paid		\$ (55,565)		\$ (55,565)
Emergency Telephone System Unspent Balance				
Amount reported above are different from PSAP Revenue-Exp	enditure Repoi	rt because:		
Net Change in Fund Balance, reported on Budget to Actual		\$ (51,359)		
Plus: Transfers from General Fund to adjust fund balance to th proper beginning balance	e			
Less: Accrual Differences		(1,167)		
Plus: Grant Expenditure - Capital Outlay		220,553		
Net Change per PSAP Revenue- Expenditure Report		168,027		
Beginning Balance, PSAP Revenue- Expenditure Report		253,751		
Ending Balance, PSAP Revenue- Expenditure Report		\$ 421,778		

Caswell County, North Carolina Revolving Loan Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes In Fund Balance- Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2017		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
REVENUES Restricted Intergovernmental revenues: USDA Rural Development Business Grant Loan Repayment Miscellaneous income	\$ 150,000 - -	\$ - 4,200	\$ (150,000) 4,200	\$ - 4,100
Total Revenues	150,000	4,200	(145,800)	4,100
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Economic Development	150,000	20,000	130,000	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(15,800)	(15,800)	4,100
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Appropriated fund balance	<u> </u>			
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		-		
Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and other uses	\$ -	(15,800)	\$ (15,800)	4,100
FUND BALANCE				
Fund balance, beginning- July 1		25,535		21,435
Fund balance, ending - June 30		\$ 9,735		\$ 25,535

Caswell County, North Carolina Special Grant Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes In Fund Balance- Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

				2018				2017
	Bu	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual
REVENUES	¢.		Ф		Ф		¢.	
Restricted Intergovernmental revenues Interest on investments	\$	_	\$	- 47	\$	- 47	\$	- 19
Miscellaneous income		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		_		47		47		19
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
General Government						-		1,975
Total expenditures								
Revenues over (under) expenditures				47		47		(1,956)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)								
Water and Sewer Fund		-		-		-		-
Appropriated fund balance Total other financing sources				<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources								
over (under) Expenditures and other uses	\$			47	\$	47		(1,956)
Fund balance, beginning- July 1				123,178				125,134
Fund balance, ending - June 30			\$	123,225			\$	123,178

Caswell County, North Carolina Scattered Site Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures And

Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Actual								
	Project Authorization	Actual Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Actual Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)					
REVENUES										
Restricted intergovernmental Community Development Block Grant 2011 Scattered Site 2010 Single Family Rehab 2013 Single Family Rehab 2016 Single Family Rehab Investment earnings Total Revenue	\$ 400,000 200,000 170,000 175,000 - 945,000	\$ 292,078 244,187 99,620 - 102 635,987	\$ - - 170,851 - 170,851	\$ 292,078 244,187 99,620 170,851 102 806,838	\$ (107,922) 44,187 (70,380) (4,149) 102 (138,162)					
EXPENDITURES										
Economic and physical development Community development block grant 2011 Scattered site Administration Rehabilitation Total	400,000	19,854 272,500 292,354	- - -	19,854 272,500 292,354	107,646					
SFR Administration Rehabilitation Total	200,000	38,357 207,503 245,860		38,357 207,503 245,860	(45,860)					
2013 Single Family Rehab Administration Rehabilitation Total	170,000	1,700 97,922 99,622	- - -	1,700 97,922 99,622	70,378					
2016 Single Family Rehab Administration Rehabilitation Total	175,000	- - -	46,475 124,376 170,851	46,475 124,376 170,851	4,149					
Total Expenditures	945,000	637,836	170,851	808,687	136,313					
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ (1,849)	-	\$ (1,849)	\$ (1,849)					
Fund balance, beginning			(1,367)							
Fund balance, ending			\$ (1,367)							

Caswell County, North Carolina County Building Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

			2017					
DEVENIUE	Budį	get	Act	ual	Variance Positive (Negative)			Actual
REVENUES Investments on earning Sales and service Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Capital Outlay County Buildings								
Revenues over (under) over expenditures								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer from other funds General Fund Total other financing sources				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		5,922 5,922
Revenues and other financing sources (uses) over expenditures	\$	<u>-</u>		-	\$	(322)		5,922
Fund balance, beginning -July 1								(5,922)
Fund balance, ending- June 30			\$				\$	

Caswell County, North Carolina Equipment and Automotive Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

With Comparative Actual Amounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				2018			2	2017
	Buc	lget	A	ctual	Po	riance sitive gative)	A	ctual
REVENUES Interest on investments	\$	-	\$	128	\$	128	\$	48
EXPENDITURES General government Equipment				<u>-</u> _				<u>-</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures				128		128		48
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Appropriated Fund Balance						_		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over (under) Expenditures and other uses	\$			128	\$		\$	48
Fund balance, beginning			3	36,940				36,892
Fund balance, ending			\$ 3	37,068			\$	36,940

Caswell County, North Carolina School Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

With Comparative Amounts For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

			20	18			2017
DEVENHES	Bu	dget	Act		Vari Posi (Nega		Actual
REVENUES Restricted intergovernmental Public School Building Capital Fund	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$		\$ 382,263
EXPENDITURES Education		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>	382,263
Revenues over (under) expenditures							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Appropriated fund balance Transfer from other funds		-		-		-	-
General Fund Total Other Financing Sources (uses)							426 426
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$	<u>-</u>		-	\$	<u>-</u>	426
Fund balance, beginning -July 1							(426)
Fund balance, ending- June 30			\$	-			\$

Caswell County, North Carolina Courthouse HVAC Project Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Actual		
	Project Authorization	Actual Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Closed Out Project	Actual Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Investment earnings Total Revenue	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -
Expenditures:						
Economic and physical development Courthouse HVAC						
Administration	74,000	67,748	-	-	67,748	6,252
Other Legal and Fiscal Cost	27,965	26,264	-	-	26,264	1,701
Other Tools and Equipment	-	2,647	-	-	2,647	(2,647
Loan Origination	-	-	-	-	_	-
Construction Phase	883,035	874,374			874,374	8,661
Total	985,000	971,033	-	-	971,033	13,967
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(985,000)	(971,033)			(971,033)	(13,967)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Loan Proceeds	985,000	985,000			985,000	=
Total other financing sources	985,000	985,000			985,000	
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	\$ -	\$ 13,967	-	\$ -	\$ 13,967	\$ (13,967
Fund balance, beginning			13,967			
Fund balance, ending			\$ 13,967			

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises — where the intent of the government's council is that the cost of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, where the government's council has decided that the periodic determination of net income is appropriate for the accountability purposes.

- **Solid Waste Fund:** This fund is used to account for the operations of the County's solid waste disposal operations.
- Caswell County Area Transportation System: This fund is used in account for the revenues and expenses for transportation services.

Caswell County, North Carolina Solid Waste Management Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures- Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For Year Ended June 30, 2018

With Comparative Amounts For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

		2018		2017	7
			Variance		
	D. 1		Positive		,
DEVENILLE	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actua	al
REVENUES Tire disposal tax		\$ 31,640		\$ 31.	,605
White goods disposal		2,159		-	,282
Solid waste disposal tax		17,782			,898
Charges for service - user fees		406,908			,047
Tipping fees		118,535			,925
Recycling		16,815			,598
Interest on interfund loan		, -		,	_
Interest on investments		1,139			428
Miscellaneous Revenue		278		1,	,883
Total Revenues	\$ 708,699	595,256	\$ (113,443)	752,	,666
EXPENDITURES					
Operations					
Salaries		142,603		126,	,650
Other expenses		771,837			,324
Capital Outlay		161,424			,349
Total expenditures	1,226,576	1,075,864	150,712	842,	,323
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(517,877)	(480,608)	37,269	(89,	,657)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Appropriated fund balance	517,877	-	(517,877)		-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets					
Total other financing sources (uses)	517,877		(517,877)		
Revenues over (under) sources					
and other uses	\$ -	\$ (480,608)	\$ (480,608)	\$ (89,	,657)
RECONCILIATION FROM BUDGETARY B	ASIS (MODIFIEI	D ACCRUAL) T	O FULL ACCRU	J A L	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditure	es	\$ (480,608)		\$ (89,	,657)
Depreciation		(51,119)		(40,	,052)
Capital Outlay		157,805			-
Change in deferred outflows of resources - 1	pensions	6,588		18,	,522
Change in deferred outflows of resources - 0	OPEB	(4,298)			
Change in net pension liability		(5,291)		(21,	,378)
Change in net OPEB liability		2,492		,	,077)
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pe	ensions	(462)			,066
Change in deferred inflows of resources - O		4,703		_,	
Change in accrued vacation payable		1,449		(1,	,603)
Net income (loss)		\$ (368,741)		\$ (135,	179)

Caswell County, North Carolina Caswell Department of Transportation Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures- Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For Year Ended June 30, 2018

With Comparative Amounts For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

				2018				2017
	_			2010		ariance		2017
		Budget		Actual		Positive legative)		Actual
REVENUES		Dudget		Actual	(1)	(cgative)		Actual
Changes for service- user fees	\$	430,627	\$	458,609	\$	27,982	\$	525,151
Interest on investment		200		769		569		221
Miscellaneous		1,500		_		(1,500)		-
Total Revenues		432,327		459,378		27,051		525,372
EXPENDITURES								
Administration								
Salaries		81,089		82,103		(1,014)		63,203
Other expenses		84,287		76,770		7,517		75,133
Total		165,376		158,873		6,503		138,336
Operations								
Salaries		201,715		167,883		33,832		192,075
Other expenses		107,445		77,860		29,585		66,112
Capital outlay		200.160		245.742		- (2.417		54,571
Total		309,160		245,743		63,417		312,758
Total expenditures		474,536		404,616		69,920		451,094
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(42,209)	_	54,762		96,971		74,278
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Appropriated fund balance		36,209		_		(36,209)		_
Sale of capital assets		6,000		8,348		2,348		7,134
Total other financing sources (uses)		42,209		8,348		(33,861)		7,134
Revenues over (under) sources and other uses	¢		¢	62 110	¢	62 110	¢	91 412
and other uses	\$	-	\$	63,110	\$	63,110	\$	81,412
RECONCILIATION FROM BUDGETARY	BAS	SIS (MODII	FIED	ACCRUAL) TO	FULL ACC	CRUA	L
Excess of revenues over (under) expendit	ures		\$	63,110			\$	81,412
Capital Outlay				-				54,571
Depreciation				(47,549)				(73,565)
Change in deferred outflows of resources				11,521				32,402
Change in deferred outflows of resources	- OP	EB		(3,416)				(25, 205)
Change in net pension liability				(9,252)				(37,397)
Change in net OPEB liability		.:		1,981				(3,596)
Change in deferred inflows of resources - Change in deferred inflows of resources -				(807)				3,615
Change in accrued vacation payable	OFF	ம		3,738 (664)				(523)
Net income (loss)			\$	18,662			\$	56,919
1.00 11.00110 (1000)			Ψ	10,002			Ψ	50,717

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals and local governments.

- **Special Services Fund:** This agency fund is used to account for the funds held by the County Department of Social Services for the benefit of certain individuals in the County.
- **Drug Fund:** This agency fund is used in account for receipts and disbursements of certain sheriff department funds.
- Fines and Forfeitures and Floodplain Mapping Fund: This agency fund is used to account for fines and forfeitures collected by the County that are required to be turned over to the Caswell County Board of Education and the NC State Treasurer.
- Property Tax Fund: This agency fund is used to account for the proceeds
 of the Ad Valorem taxes that are collected by the County on behalf of
 municipalities within the County.

Caswell County, North Carolina Agency Fund Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2018

			Agen	cy Func	I			Т	otal
		Social Service Fund	Drug Fund	Forf DM	nes and eitures & V Interest Fund	P	roperty Tax Fund		ne 30,
ASSETS Cash Accounts receivable	\$	30,185	\$ 10,040	\$	<u>-</u> 2,596	\$	(9,831)	\$ 3	30,394 2,596
Total Assets	\$	30,185	\$ 10,040	\$	2,596	\$	(9,831)	\$ 3	32,990
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Liabilities: Miscellaneous liabilities	\$	30,185	\$ 10,040	\$	2,596	\$	(9,831)	\$ 3	32,990
Total Liabilities	\$	30,185	\$ 10,040	\$	2,596	\$	(9,831)	\$ 3	32,990
Net Position									
Assets held in trust for beneficiary beneficiary	ef_\$		\$ -	\$	_	\$		\$	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	30,185	\$ 10,040	\$	2,596	\$	(9,831)	\$ 3	32,990

Caswell County, North Carolina Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Agency Funds For Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
Social Service Agency Fund				
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,491	\$ 226,125	\$ 216,431	\$ 30,185
Liabilities Accounts Payable	\$ 20,491	\$ 226,125	\$ 216,431	\$ 30,185
Drug Fund				
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,038	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 10,040
Liabilities Miscellaneous Liabilities	\$ 10,038	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 10,040
Fines and Forfeitures and Floodplain Mapping Fund				
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Receivable Total	\$ - 24,280 \$ 24,280	\$ - 75,083 \$ 75,083	\$ - 96,767 \$ 96,767	\$ - 2,596 \$ 2,596
Liabilities Fines for Forfeitures due to others Floodplain mapping fees due to others ROD deed of trust fees due to others Archives/Cultural fees due to others Total	\$ 23,207 590 215 268 \$ 24,280	\$ 61,178 7,741 2,645 3,519 \$ 75,083	\$ 81,790 8,161 3,029 3,787 \$ 96,767	\$ 2,595 170 (169) - \$ 2,596
Property Tax Agency Fund				
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ (11,373)	\$ 378,848	\$ 377,306	\$ (9,831)
Liabilities Intergovernmental payable	\$ (11,373)	\$ 378,848	\$ 377,306	\$ (9,831)
Total- All Agency Funds				
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$ 19,156 24,280	\$ 604,975 75,083	\$ 593,737 96,767	\$ 30,394 2,596
Total Assets	\$ 43,436	\$ 680,058	\$ 690,504	\$ 32,990
Liabilities Accounts payable Intergovernmental Payable	\$ 30,529 12,907	\$ 226,127 453,931	\$ 216,431 474,073	\$ 40,225 (7,235)
Total Liabilities	\$ 43,436	\$ 680,058	\$ 690,504	\$ 32,990

OTHER SCHEDULES

This schedule contains additional information required on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Tax Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy County-Wide Levy

Caswell County, North Carolina General Fund Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2018

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2017	Additions		Collections And Credits	_	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2018
2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008	\$	\$ 12,269,473 9,048 8,491 7,183 1,551	\$	12,092,735 80,704 42,304 33,097 19,826 15,217 15,339 10,551 5,166 2,447 39,904	\$	176,738 89,551 60,808 59,113 67,202 61,766 47,486 46,360 35,434 35,715
Totals	\$ 741,717	\$ 12,295,746	\$ <u></u>	12,357,290	\$	680,173
	Less Allowance fo Taxes Receivab	r Doubtful Accounts le (Net)			\$	(412,000) 268,173
	Reconcilement with					
	Ad valorem taxes - Interest /penalties/a	djustments	\$ _	12,526,482 (132,430)		\$ 12,394,052
	Amounts written of per statute of limita	f for tax year 2007-20 tions	800		-	(36,762)
	Total Collections an	nd Credits				\$ 12,357,290

Caswell County Analysis of Current Tax Levy County-Wide Levy June 30, 2018

	(County Wide			
	Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original Levy County- Wide	\$ 1,730,032,299	0.709	\$ 12,265,929	\$ 11,011,621	\$ 1,254,308
Discoveries and Abatements	499,859	0.709	3,544	3,544	
Total Property Valuation	\$ 1,730,532,158				
Net Levy			12,269,473	11,015,165	1,254,308
Uncollected taxes June 30, 2018			176,738	176,738	
Current years taxes collected			\$ 12,092,735	\$ 10,838,427	\$ 1,254,308
Current levy collection percentage			98.56%	98.40%	100.00%

STATISTICAL SECTION

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA NET POSITION BY COMPONENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(UNAUDITED)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$12,410,816	\$12,739,104	\$ 13,347,778	\$10,089,638	\$ 14,660,932	\$15,272,072	\$ 14,934,637	\$13,399,966	\$ 14,471,590	\$ 15,101,143
Restricted	-	27,081	2,752,022	6,703,496	3,379,060	2,801,298	3,116,026	3,619,907	2,633,767	3,016,482
Unrestricted	4,248,895	5,143,018	3,132,651	4,134,622	2,737,716	2,594,371	2,003,197	2,444,131	403,133	(1,103,868)
Total governmental activities net assets	16,659,711	17,909,203	19,232,451	20,927,756	20,777,708	20,667,741	20,053,860	19,464,004	17,508,490	17,013,757
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets. Net of related debt	342,495	289,050	363,093	497,458	549,559	618,427	790,029	699,530	624,618	683,755
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	1,327,084	1,448,996	1,409,580	1,235,478	1,261,232	1,140,117	945,764	1,164,160	1,161,499	664,423
Total business-type activities net assets	1,669,579	1,738,046	1,772,673	1,732,936	1,810,791	1,758,544	1,735,793	1,863,690	1,786,117	1,348,178
Primary government										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	12,753,311	13,028,154	13,710,871	10,587,096	15,210,491	15,890,499	15,724,666	14,099,496	15,096,208	15,784,898
Restricted	-	27,081	2,752,022	6,703,496	3,379,060	2,801,298	3,116,026	3,619,907	2,633,767	3,016,482
Unrestircted	5,575,979	6,592,014	4,542,231	5,370,100	3,998,948	3,734,488	2,948,961	3,608,291	1,564,632	(439,445)
Total primary government net assets	\$18,329,290	\$19,647,249	\$ 21,005,124	\$ 22,660,692	\$ 22,588,499	\$22,426,285	\$ 21,789,653	\$21,327,694	\$ 19,294,607	\$ 18,361,935

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS* (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

Expenses	2009	2010	2011	2012	Fiscal Years 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities:	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010
Governmental activities. General government	2,750,326	\$ 2,369,681	\$ 2,605,238	\$ 2,558,821	\$ 2,776,985	\$ 2,898,539	\$ 2,813,150	\$ 3,062,487	\$ 2,910,099	\$ 3,158,69
Public safety	5,167,360	5,337,280	5,226,796	5,421,247	5,895,526	6,364,755	7,244,842	5 3,062,487 7,153,742	\$ 2,910,099 8,598,810	\$ 3,138,69 8,671,16
•	662,332	719,660		473,281	551,766	831,474	420,330	489,906		777,18
Economic development Environmental Protection	76,770	106,290	444,511 92,111	83,539	85,682	85,876	420,330 83,689	92,390	560,353 106,459	110.30
	,	106,290	92,111	83,339	85,682	85,876	83,689	92,390	106,459	110,30
Transportation	2,236	0.004.764	0.000.125	0.227.010	0.021.116	0.226.261	0.022.060	0.552.167	0.205.002	0.020.02
Human Services	9,553,228	9,004,764	8,989,125	9,327,818	9,031,116	9,236,361	8,832,869	8,552,167	9,395,883	8,820,82
Cultural and recreation	675,516	662,422	689,813	577,194	677,478	789,275	727,816	695,974	795,874	825,68
Education	3,592,260	3,544,945	3,169,626	3,018,673	3,048,723	3,056,549	3,277,785	3,368,855	4,174,503	3,791,19
Interest on long-term debt	239,484	200,573	110,621	314,061	531,384	148,815	308,194	314,513	293,437	241,31
Total governmental activities expenses	22,719,512	21,945,615	21,327,841	21,774,634	22,598,660	23,411,644	23,708,675	23,730,034	26,835,418	26,396,36
Business-type activities										
Solid Waste	807,436	789,064	826,414	834,262	817,753	881,886	844,273	851,066	887,158	963,99
Transportation	401,871	394,927	430,931	403,303	459,391	459,614	473,197	455,083	475,587	449,06
Total business-type activities	1,209,307	1,183,991	1,257,345	1,237,565	1,277,144	1,341,500	1,317,470	1,306,149	1,362,745	1,413,06
Total primary government expenses	23,928,819	23,129,606	22,585,186	23,012,199	23,875,804	24,753,144	25,026,145	25,036,183	28,198,163	27,809,42
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	252,292	243,523	197,907	277,159	225,038	242,258	231,546	505,440	331,023	341,52
Public Safety	1,380,862	1,274,872	1,272,583	924,296	1,183,729	985,080	1,598,840	1,181,754	1,149,681	1,222,1
Transportation	,,	, . ,	, . ,	. ,	,,-	,	22,553	-	-	, , ,
Economic and Physical Development	19,215	23,170	10,066	20,721	25,086	16,409	16,094	31,980	26,000	28,92
Environmental Protection	.,,2.0	25,170		20,721	20,000	10,107	69,117	21,700	20,000	20,72
Human Services	1,395,632	1,612,554	1,372,572	1,319,114	1,165,352	1,301,949	1,074,538	882,500	1,333,946	1,615,05
Cultural and recreation	70,005	88,032	70,393	75,779	68,864	69,643	78,807	71,747	74,368	65,75
Education	82,432		, 0,575	.5,	-	0,,0.5	70,007		7.,500	05,7.
Interest on long-term debt	02,432									
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General government	15,518	42	8,721	4,789	3,750	1,250	7,794			
Public Safety	522,855	363,782	500,924	444,248	339,088	470,173	689,838	1,021,213	868,985	1,027,92
•	322,833	303,782	300,924	444,248	339,088	4/0,1/3	089,838			
Environmental Protection Economic and Physical Development	19,041	93,579	19.918	25,109	22,058	92,927	20,959	24,557 148,852	24,658 61,815	24,4° 318,5:
, ,	,	,	- /	,			. ,			
Human Services	5,781,256	5,750,578	5,876,146	6,037,956	5,777,624	5,309,671	5,399,652	5,099,853	4,798,082	4,450,70
Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122,916	123,592	123,50
Cultural and recreation	127,377	124,699	150,545	135,628	132,199	116,508	142,574	158,459	116,458	87,35
Education	-	82,432	164,864	82,432	82,432	82,432	-	-	-	
Capital grants and contributions										
General government	8,325	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Public Safety	29,800	-	-	-	-	-	82,611	-	-	
Transportation	-				-	-	-	-	-	
Economic and Physical Development	595,190	857,756	153,822	773,919	253,429	529,754	483,591	-	-	
Human Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cultural and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	530,00
Education		291,323				. <u> </u>		103,662	382,263	
Total governmental activities program revenue	10,299,800	10,806,342	9,798,461	10,121,150	9,278,649	9,218,054	9,918,514	9,352,933	9,290,871	9,835,93

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

					Fiscal Years					
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Business-type activities										
Charges for services:										
Solid Waste	812,476	835,368	846,978	845,324	837,362	830,230	852,312	872,816	692,570	542,258
CDOT	388,635	340,729	382,325	393,643	449,817	414,671	532,253	507,638	532,285	466,957
Operating grants and contributions										
Solid Waste	43,979	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities program revenu	1,245,090	1,176,097	1,229,303	1,238,967	1,287,179	1,244,901	1,384,565	1,380,454	1,224,855	1,009,215
Total primary government program revenues	11,544,890	11,982,439	11,027,764	11,360,117	10,565,828	10,462,955	11,303,079	10,733,387	10,515,726	10,845,147
Net (expenses)/revenue										
Governmental activities	(12,419,712)	(11,139,273)	(11,529,380)	(11,653,484)	(13,320,011)	(14,193,590)	(13,790,161)	(14,377,101)	(17,544,547)	(16,560,431
Business-type activities	35,783	(7,894)	(28,042)	1,402	10,035	(96,599)	67,095	74,305	(137,890)	(403,846
Total primary government net expenses	(12,383,929)	(11,147,167)	(11,557,422)	(11,652,082)	(13,309,976)	(14,290,189)	(13,723,066)	(14,302,796)	(17,682,437)	(16,964,277
Genreal Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	9,136,526	9,533,263	9,944,802	10,008,923	9,848,060	10,753,510	11,081,330	10,827,712	11,535,534	12,833,668
Local option sales taxes	3,353,873	2,299,932	2,150,040	2,314,067	2,654,274	2,387,229	2,942,423	2,586,659	3,824,493	4,143,038
Other taxes and licenses	361,918	362,558	480,200	591,422	357,492	554,097	116,643	444,948	433,926	360,644
Grants & Contributions, unrestricted	248,064	185,470	256,218	200,362	192,202	211,981	-	_	-	_
Investment earnings, unrestricted	118,962	31,767	18,458	21,351	12,328	3,512	2,859	18,445	30,141	73,145
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	66,124	(11,725)	2,910	112,664	226,520	173,294	102,290	(98,091)	72,055	47,211
Transfers	_	(12,500)	_	100,000	· -	· -	´ -	-	· -	· -
Total governmental activities	13,285,467	12,388,765	12,852,628	13,348,789	13,290,876	14,083,623	14,245,545	13,779,673	15,896,149	17,457,706
Business-type activities:										
Other taxes and licenses	-	_	-	-	_	-		55,359	57,785	51,581
Investment earnings, unrestricted	17,991	10,715	10,144	4,753	2,144	4,203	3,222	1,494	649	1,908
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	8,691	14,520	_	33	14,864	(11,324)	· -	(3,261)	1,883	278
Transfers	_			(100,000)	· -	-		-	· -	
Total business-type activities	26,682	25,235	10,144	(95,214)	17,008	(7,121)	3,222	53,592	60,317	53,767
Total primary government	13,312,149	12,414,000	12,862,772	13,253,575	13,307,884	14,076,502	14,248,767	13,833,265	15,956,466	17,511,473
Changes in Net Assets										
Governmental activities	865,755	1,249,492	1,323,248	1,695,305	(29,135)	(109,967)	455,384	(597,428)	(1,648,398)	897,275
Business-type activities	62,465	68,467	34,627	(39,737)	77,856	(52,246)	125,185	127,897	(77,573)	(350,079
Total primary government \$	928,220	\$ 1,317,959	\$ 1,357,875	\$ 1,655,568	\$ 48,721	\$ (162,213)				\$ 547,196

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(UNAUDITED)

Fiscal	Property	Local Sales	Other	Motor Fuel	Alcoholic Beverage	
Year	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Total
2009	9,136,526	3,353,873	345,282	8,759	7,877	12,852,317
2010	9,533,263	2,299,932	354,639	315	7,604	12,195,753
2011	9,944,802	2,150,040	480,200	408	7,337	12,582,787
2012	10,008,923	2,314,067	591,422	138	7,511	12,922,061
2013	9,848,060	2,654,274	357,492	8,543	8,016	12,876,385
2014	10,753,510	2,387,229	554,097	9,645	7,614	13,712,095
2015	11,081,330	2,942,423	116,643	9,475	7,877	14,157,748
2016	11,106,149	2,586,659	343,631	618	94,226	14,131,283
2017	11,669,063	3,819,180	325,369	-	96,734	15,910,346
2018	12,526,482	4,143,038	246,584	-	92,971	17,009,075
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	

Source:

- 1 Caswell County Tax Department
- 2 NC State Treasurer
- 3 NC State Treasurer
- 4 Local tax office
- 5 Alcoholic Beverage Control

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General fund										
Reserved by state statute	\$1,641,218	\$1,651,554	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Reserved For										
Inventory	24,069	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Encumbrances	44,181	62,274	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Register of Deeds	-	27,081	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved										
Undesignated	3,315,956	4,115,211	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Designated for subsequent	539,317	308,289	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
years' expenditures										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid	-	-	-	-	12,475	-	-	-	-	67,924
Restricted										
Stabilization by State Statue	-	-	1,269,072	1,469,856	1,595,257	1,712,451	1,867,664	1,581,662	1,547,643	1,686,275
Register of Deeds	-	-	35,577	30,377	30,474	29,772	32,464	41,509	49,102	57,002
Education	-	-	19,259	149,264	201,502	276,567	440,090	637,089	724,650	998,023
Committed										
Tax Revaluation	-	-	160,852	196,012	226,509	256,836	137,316	67,541	97,715	128,291
LEO Separation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,991	33,785	33,816
Assigned										
Subsequent year's expenditure	-	-	621,682	414,756	370,928	665,051	1,075,599	1,455,860	430,340	395,328
Unassigned	-	-	4,512,319	5,532,909	5,409,506	4,228,094	4,175,020	4,155,155	3,584,750	3,651,412
Total general fund	\$5,564,741	\$6,164,409	\$6,618,761	\$7,793,174	\$7,846,651	\$7,168,771	\$7,728,153	\$7,963,807	\$6,467,985	\$7,018,071
All other governmental funds										
Reserved by state statute	\$ 235,825	\$ 91,879	s -	S -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Reserved For	,,.	, ,,,,,								
Inventory	-		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Encumbrances	2,095	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor:	,									
Designated for subsequent										
year's expenditures	74,262	423,354	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Undesignated	. , .	- ,								
Special revenue funds	1,186,846	724,071	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital projects funds	352,207	446,287	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Restricted	,	,								
Stabilization by State Statue			22,861	18,290	128,073	68,312	341,556	21,521	52,990	54,733
General Government			203,731	632,216	377,450	207,713	161,957	162,026	160,118	160,293
Public Safety			841,699	4,185,359	918,343	400,421	211,495	207,879	45,881	36,454
Economic Development			238,387	150,843	26,219	38,415	20,860	928,239	39,502	23,702
Human Services			75,215	16,945	16,968	16,973	16,973	16,973	,	,702
Cultural and Recreational			46,221	50,346	50,430	50,674	22,967	23,009	13,881	_
Unassigned			(5,794)	(426)	(51,600)	(128,923)	(353,278)	(41,963)	(36,952)	(145,593)
Total all other governmental funds	\$1,851,235	\$1,685,591	\$1,422,320	\$5,053,573	\$1,465,883	\$ 653,585	\$ 422,530	\$1,317,684	\$ 275,420	\$ 129,589

Note: Beginning in Fiscal Year 2011, the classifications for fund balance were due to GASB 54.

As of fiscal year 2010, fund balance classifications were nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS* (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

		2009		2010	2011		2012	2013		2014		2015	2	016		2017		2018
Revenues																		
Ad Valorem taxes	\$ 9	9,487,847	\$	9,497,206	\$ 9,921,103	\$	10,048,226	\$ 10,049,512	\$	10,870,478	\$11.	222,217	\$11,2	42,002	\$	11,669,063	\$12	,898,740
Other taxes and licenses	2	2,608,389		1,945,673	2,045,832		2,278,282	2,377,261		2,292,509	2,	403,524	2,1	58,840		3,341,993	3	,591,094
Unrestricted Intergovernmental		248,064		185,470	256,218		200,362	192,202		211,981		208,313	1	87,397		182,601		181,408
Restricted Intergovernmental	8	3,540,095		8,620,865	7,662,996		8,234,402	7,259,181		7,201,567	7,	125,955	7,4	96,631		7,323,276	7	,859,451
Permits and fees		464,882		457,005	372,551		454,451	461,549		505,090		813,963	7	15,428		639,299		693,869
Sales and services	2	2,343,959		2,412,776	2,211,776		1,994,210	2,103,642		2,093,186	2,	399,907	1,8	26,244		2,062,120	2	,001,308
Investment earnings		118,962		31,767	18,458		21,351	12,328		3,512		2,859		18,445		30,141		73,145
Miscellaneous		94,580		80,603	153,182		177,958	315,302		242,391		128,208		98,320		72,056		9,695
Total Revenues	23	3,906,778		23,231,365	22,642,116		23,409,242	22,770,977		23,420,714	24,	304,946	23,7	43,307		25,320,549	27	,308,710
Expenditures																		
Current:																		
General government	2	2,599,753		2,416,327	2,468,431		2,420,079	2,538,192		2,741,452	2,	736,201	3,1	37,715		2,901,878	2	,984,485
Public safety	5	5,009,197		5,093,273	5,243,023		5,538,007	5,788,594		6,663,462	6,	882,294	6,3	52,822		7,991,115	7	,878,366
Environmental protection		76,770		77,957	91,359		82,372	84,601		84,767		85,775		95,703		101,882		107,419
Economic and physical development		637,715		646,353	433,037		445,626	526,691		484,949		368,686	4	25,376		489,956		702,002
Human Services	9	9,469,557		8,879,535	8,882,518		9,251,869	9,169,801		8,950,156	8,	879,368	8,6	25,655		9,215,018	8	,633,435
Culture and recreation Intergovernmental:		557,241		541,811	550,408		534,461	529,239		785,085		552,474	5	79,458		663,615	1	,689,509
Education	3	3,592,260		3,544,272	3,169,266		3,018,865	3,048,865		2,998,193	3	280,031	3 3	68,855		4,174,503	3	,791,195
Capital outlay		1,098,705		419,269	518,744		5,208,454	2,787,180		1,292,156		457,208	3,3	79,898		892,630	5	,//1,1/3
Debt service:		1,070,703		117,207	510,711		3,200,131	2,707,100		1,272,130		137,200		77,070		072,030		
Principal	1	1,027,265		962,163	970,480		465,194	628,848		916,535		778,310	1.0	49,095		1,268,545	1	,273,996
Interest and other charges		253,535		264,141	98,749		305,469	349,579		336,617		316,272		01,711		319,698		254,048
Total expenditures	24	1,321,998		22,845,101	22,426,015	_	27,270,396	25,451,590	_	25,253,372		336,619		16,288	_	28,018,840	27	,314,455
Excess of revenues over (under)		(415.220)		206.264	216 101		(2.0(1.154)	(2.600.612)		(1.022.650)		(21 (72)	(2	72 001)		(2 (00 201)		(5.745)
expenditures		(415,220)		386,264	216,101		(3,861,154)	(2,680,613)		(1,832,658)		(31,673)	(2	272,981)		(2,698,291)		(5,745)
Other financing sources (uses)																		
Transfers in from other funds		2,374,894		1,814,362	498,669		1,700,303	85,137		430,629		173,917		30,629		1,661,855		,775,105
Transfers out to other funds	(2	2,374,894)		(1,826,862)	(523,669)		(1,600,303)	(85,137)		(430,629)	(173,917)	(4	30,629)		(1,661,855)	(1	,775,105)
Sale of equipment		-			-		-	-					_	-		-		50,000
Proceeds from the issuance of debt		-		2,560,000	-		8,567,000	146,400		342,480		360,000	3	42,480		160,205		360,000
Premium on debt		-		19,468	-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Payments to refunded bond escrow																		
agent		-		(2,519,208)	 			 				<u> </u>		-				<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	47,760	 (25,000)		8,667,000	 146,400		342,480		360,000	3	42,480	-	160,205		410,000
Net change in fund balances	\$	(415,220)	\$	434,024	\$ 191,101	\$	4,805,846	\$ (2,534,213)	\$	(1,490,178)	\$	328,327	\$	69,499	\$	(2,538,086)	\$	404,255
Debt service as a percentage of																		
noncapital expenditures		5.61%		5.52%	4.98%		3.60%	4.44%		5.33%		4.69%		5.79%		6.02%		5.89%

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles	Plus Discoveries	Less Abatements	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2009	1,413,876,471	58,244,940	-	(10,633,704)	1,461,487,707	0.6290
2010	1,427,782,014	56,869,634	-	(14,220,984)	1,470,430,664	0.6290
2011	1,356,449,165	52,254,518	62,225,646	-	1,470,929,329	0.6590
2012*	1,363,246,889	119,266,464	747,800	-	1,483,261,153	0.6590
2013	1,370,285,585	125,098,179	9,294,082	-	1,504,677,846	0.6590
2014	1,376,118,058	195,846,889	-	(3,413,657)	1,568,551,290	0.6590
2015	1,399,082,769	205,601,473	-	(540,795)	1,604,143,447	0.6790
2016*	1,412,749,779	162,236,672	-	(600,008)	1,574,386,443	0.6790
2017	1,455,493,520	169,258,468	-	(10,162)	1,624,741,826	0.6790
2018	1,553,120,028	176,912,271	499,859		1,730,532,158	0.7090

^{*}Caswell County typically reassessed property every four years. Per \$100 of value.

Source: Caswell County Tax Department

PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year	Caswell County	Town of Yanceyville
2008	0.672	0.340
2009	0.629	0.330
2010	0.629	0.330
2011	0.659	0.330
2012	0.659	0.330
2013	0.659	0.330
2014	0.659	0.330
2015	0.679	0.330
2016	0.679	0.330
2017	0.679	0.330
2018	0.7090	0.330

Source: Caswell County Tax Department and the Town of Yanceyville

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS JUNE 30, 2018 AND TEN YEARS AGO

(UNAUDITED)

		2018			2008	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Duke Energy Progress, Inc	\$ 22,566,529	1	1.41%	16,203,609	1	1.23%
Duke Energy Carolinas, Inc	21,513,826	2	1.34%	14,042,921	2	1.06%
Thompson Trucking Inc	14,338,155	3	0.90%	-	-	-
EMC Piedmont	13,657,561	4	0.85%	8,755,862	3	0.66%
NC4 Caswell LLC	7,683,109	5	0.48%	-	-	-
Norfolk Southern	6,730,728	6	0.42%	4,524,704	7	0.34%
Southside Materials LLC	4,908,750	7	0.31%	-	-	0.00%
Public Service Co of NC Inc	3,328,072	8	0.21%	-	-	0.00%
SMV Yanceyville LLC	3,289,816	9	0.21%	2,841,204	10	0.22%
Southside Realty Investments	2,402,810	10	0.15%	-	-	0.00%
Vulcan Land, Inc	-	-	0.00%	7,411,079	4	0.56%
WC Caswell, LLC	-		0.00%	6,553,976	5	0.50%
Central Telephone Co	-	-	0.00%	4,829,424	6	0.37%
Mebtel Communications Inc	-	-	0.00%	3,935,065	8	0.30%
Carpediem West LLC	=	-	0.00%	3,308,790	9	0.25%
Totals	\$ 100,419,355			\$ 72,406,634		

Source: Caswell County Tax Department

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

		Collected Fiscal Year		Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year Ended December 31	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	 lections in bsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2008	\$ 8,862,255	\$ 8,456,367	95.42%	\$ 405,888	\$ 8,862,255	100.00%
2009	9,217,803	8,850,355	96.01%	331,733	9,182,088	99.61%
2010	9,249,009	8,855,999	95.75%	357,576	9,213,575	99.62%
2011	9,298,541	8,893,686	95.65%	358,495	9,252,181	99.50%
2012	9,774,691	9,421,720	96.39%	305,485	9,727,205	99.51%
2013	9,915,827	9,557,555	96.39%	296,506	9,854,061	99.38%
2014	10,359,249	10,076,281	97.27%	215,766	10,292,047	99.35%
2015	10,892,134	10,673,421	97.99%	159,600	10,833,021	99.46%
2016	10,688,558	10,495,318	98.19%	132,432	10,627,750	99.43%
2017	11,031,997	10,870,790	98.54%	71,656	10,942,446	99.19%
2018	12,269,473	12,092,735	98.56%	-	12,092,735	98.56%

Source: Caswell County Tax Department

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Private Placement Bonds	Installment Obligations	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2009	3,580,000	-	1,009,503	-	4,589,503	15.63%	\$ 196.95
2010	2,990,000	=	722,340	=	3,712,340	19.50%	\$ 157.39
2011	2,285,000	=	456,860	=	2,741,860	27.25%	\$ 115.60
2012	2,045,928	8,567,000	246,666	-	10,859,594	6.03%	\$ 456.92
2013	1,794,159	8,342,000	239,218	-	10,375,377	6.33%	\$ 435.23
2014	1,547,389	7,892,000	87,814	272,349	9,799,552	7.14%	\$ 414.99
2015	1,310,619	7,442,000	419,152	207,701	9,379,472	7.69%	\$ 395.44
2016	1,078,849	6,889,000	1,616,163	140,812	9,724,824	7.54%	\$ 424.48
2017	852,079	6,233,000	1,458,030	71,605	8,614,714	N/A	N/A
2018	630,309	5,577,000	1,455,639	-	7,662,948	N/A	N/A

Note: Population figures are as of July 1 of the fiscal year.

FRED - Economic Research

N/A Information not available for this period.

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Total	Percentage of Personal Income	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2009	3,580,000	695,000	2,885,000	402.30%	0.20%	123.80
2010	2,990,000	-	2,990,000	413.08%	0.20%	126.76
2011	2,285,000	-	2,285,000	305.84%	0.16%	96.34
2012	2,045,928	-	2,045,928	312.33%	0.14%	86.08
2013	1,794,159	-	1,794,159	273.11%	0.12%	75.26
2014	1,547,389	-	1,547,389	221.04%	0.10%	65.53
2015	1,310,619	-	1,310,619	181.67%	0.08%	55.26
2016	1,078,849	-	1,078,849	147.05%	0.07%	47.09
2017	852,079	-	852,079	N/A	0.05%	N/A
2018	630,309	-	630,309	N/A	0.04%	N/A

Note: Population figures are as of July 1 of the fiscal year.

N/A Information not available for this period.

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Assessed value	\$1,461,487,707	\$ 1,470,430,664	\$1,470,929,329	\$1,483,261,154	\$ 1,504,677,846	\$1,571,964,947	\$1,604,143,446	\$ 1,574,386,443	\$1,624,741,826	\$ 1,730,532,158
Debt limit (8% of total assessed value)	116,919,017	117,634,453	117,674,346	118,660,892	120,374,228	125,757,196	128,331,476	125,950,915	129,979,346	138,442,573
Debt applicable to limit: Total general obligation bonds	3,580,000	2,990,000	2,285,000	10,612,928	10,136,159	9,439,389	8,752,619	7,967,849	7,085,079	6,207,309
Total installment payments	1,009,503	722,340	456,860	246,666	239,218	87,814	419,152	1,616,163	1,458,030	1,455,639
Total capital leases	-					272,349	207,701	140,812	71,605	-
Total debt applicable to limitations	4,589,503	3,712,340	2,741,860	10,859,594	10,375,377	9,799,552	9,379,472	9,724,824	8,614,714	7,662,948
Legal debt margin	\$ 112,329,514	\$ 113,922,113	\$ 114,932,486	\$ 107,801,298	\$ 109,998,851	\$ 115,957,644	\$ 118,952,004	\$ 116,226,091	\$ 121,364,632	\$ 130,779,625
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	t 3.93%	3.16%	2.33%	9.15%	8.62%	7.79%	7.31%	7.72%	6.63%	5.54%

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (Thousands of Dollars) (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Median Age (3)	Public School Enrollment (4)	Unemployment Rate (5)	Number of Building Permits (6)
2009	23,303	717,121	29,830	41	3,273	13.5%	920
2010	23,587	723,831	29,690	41	3,030	11.9%	944
2011	23,719	747,132	31,326	43.6	2,880	10.9%	875
2012	23,767	655,058	28,256	44	2,880	9.6%	943
2013	23,839	656,946	28,258	44	2,777	9.3%	867
2014	23,614	700,060	29,443	44.5	2,735	7.6%	865
2015	23,719	721,430	31,184	43	2,716	6.9%	761
2016	22,910	733,666	38,318	43	2,689	5.70%	858
2017	22,646	N/A	38,310	45	2,744	4.50%	876
2018	23,719	N/A	N/A	45.3	2,547	4.80%	932

Notes:

- (1) FRED Economic Research
- (2) FRED Economic Research
- (3) NC Rural Economic Development Center
- (4) State Board of Education
- (5) NC Employment Security Commission,
- (6) Total number of building permits issued by Caswell County Inspections Department.
- N/A Not Available.

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND ONE YEAR AGO

(UNAUDITED)

	2018				2017		
		ъ.,	Percentage of Total			D 1	Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	County	Employer	Employees	Rank	County
Caswell County Schools	582	1	6.36%	Caswell County Schools	561	1	6.09%
Caswell County Local Gov	237	2	2.59%	Caswell County Local Gov	223	2	2.42%
Department of Public Safety	188	3	2.05%	Department of Public Safety	188	3	2.04%
Dan River Work Farm	166	4	1.81%	WS Construction	120	4	1.30%
Ssc Yanveyville Operating	85	5	0.93%	Certainteed Gypsum NC Inc.	94	5	1.02%
Certainteed Gypsum NC Inc.	49	6	0.54%	Ssc Yanveyville Operating	85	6	0.92%
Caswell House	39	7	0.43%	Caswell House	40	7	0.43%
Food Lion	38	8	0.42%	Food Lion	38	8	0.41%
McDonalds	35	9	0.38%	McDonalds	35	9	0.38%
Piedmont Community College	30	10	0.33%	Piedmont Community College	21	10	0.23%
Total	1449		15.83%	Total	1405		15.25%

Source: NC Employment Security Commission, Data USA, Employers

Percentage of Total County is calculated using the County's estimated employment totals (Source: NC Rural Economic Development Center)

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governing and Management	23	24	23	25	26	24	26	26	23	31
Community and Environment	2	2	5	5	5	6	5	6	7	4
Human Services	90	107	98	96	89	93	94	92	92	98
Public Safety	71	75	73	76	86	87	80	88	88	96
Cultural and Recreation	6	7	13	14	13	14	15	13	13	8
Total	192	215	212	216	219	224	220	225	223	237

Source: County Finance Departmen

Note: This schedule represents the number of persons employed as of June 30 of each year.

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(UNAUDITED)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
Public Safety/Sheriff										
Court Papers	7,186	7,350	6,514	6,586	5,618	5,832	4,798	5,117	4,799	4,755
Investigation Reports Filed	1,113	1,095	1,203	1,185	1,255	1,343	1,255	1,539	1,663	1,678
Calls Answered	35,717	38,945	34,287	31,362	13006*	33,291	28,630	32,044	42,753	44,607
Public Safety/Emerg Mgmt/Fire										
Number of calls dispatched (includes fire & medical first response calls)	15,772	15,704	15,431	16,590	15,060	14,880	14,697	15,465	12,211	12,613
Solid Waste										
Tonnage Disposed	7,063	7,531	7,159	7,155	7,504	7,362	7,278	7,278	7,895	8,455
Number of Households Served	8,122	8,200	7,873	8,622	8,729	8,727	8,685	8,685	9,032	9,190
Community Services/Library										
Circulation	66,989	67,962	73,883	69,054	62,471	74,443	73,135	66,633	59,271	23,782
Computer Use	7,687	7,796	8,823	10,808	12,486	12,718	13,909	12,774	10,444	4,394
Program Attendance	64,392	69,648	74,899	79,491	86,214	75,181	73,533	76,884	78,611	15,886
Community Services/Building Inspections										
Number of Building Permits Issued	206	205	206	175	178	183	163	206	197	191
Number of Other Permits Issued (Includes	714	739	669	768	689	682	598	858	679	741
Electrical, Plumbing & Mechanical)										
Human Services/Social Services										
Average # Medicaid Eligible Cases	4,726	4,777	4,847	5,124	4,768	4,889	5,408	5,484	5,532	5,613
Average # Food Stamp Households per month	1,885	2,106	2,574	2,607	2,674	2,639	2,854	2,536	2,244	2,146
Average \$ Fraud Collections per month	5,379	5,084	4,134	5,180	2,299	2,025	2,034	2,968	1,591	2,746
Aging & Nutrition Services/ Meals Served	10,600	9,718	8,734	8,885	10,085	7,853	9,375	8,735	7,424	7,989
Aging & Nutrition Services/Clients Served	1,740	1,224	1,131	1,158	1,132	940	942	956	883	901
Meals on Wheels/Meals Served	26,397	31,234	32,517	33,388	32,106	33,771	32,319	31,066	31,312	32,212
Meals on Wheels/Clients Served	1,328	1,559	1,647	1,701	1,671	1,664	1,726	1,531	1,628	1,687
Register of Deeds										
Documents Recorded	3,364	3,090	2,925	3,085	3,150	2,832	2,688	2,749	2,885	2,832
Marriage Licenses	85	91	99	114	88	100	99	116	93	92
Births & Deaths	185	658	812	768	806	790	736	823	797	789
Education										
School enrollment	3,117	3,030	2.880	2,824	2,777	2,735	2,716	2,689	2,744	2,547

Sources: Various county government departments.

Solid Waste-Total tonnage disposed for County
Solid Waste-Households served based on calculation using tax collection rate

County administered Meals On Wheels services implemented FY 2006-2007

School enrollment (average daily membership) - State Board of Education/NC DPI

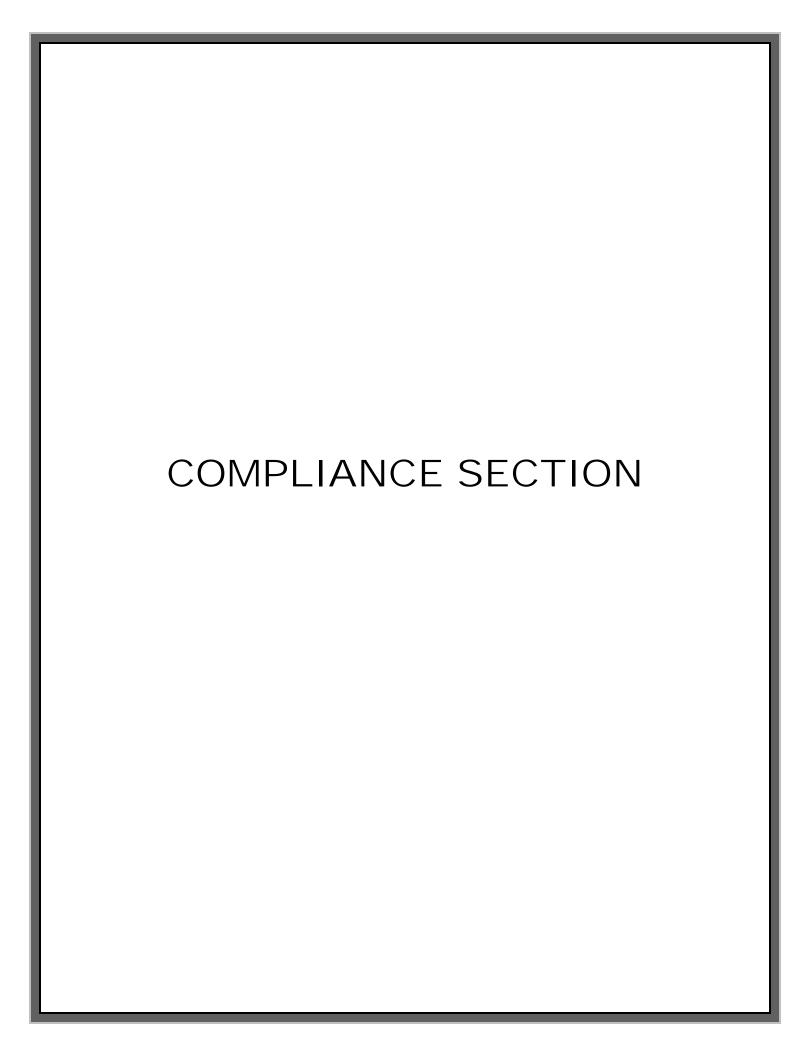
*Sheriff Report/Calls Answered - FYE 2013 Reporting format changed - does not reflect security checks on churches and businesses.

*Community Services/Library - FYE 2018 indicators are low due to building renovation and new construction.

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
General Government										
Administration	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	3	1	1
Building Inspections	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Maintenance	3	3	3	3	6	10	6	10	11	5
Section 8	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Animal Control	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Safety										
Sheriff's patrol & other vehicles	58	56	56	62	53	56	61	55	70	63
Emergency management	3	3	3	2	1	5	1	6	8	8
Ambulances	3	4	4	7	5	5	5	7	6	6
E911	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
Environmental Protection										
Soil & Water Conservation	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Economic & Physical Development										
Economic Development/Planning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Planning	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Human Services										
Transportation	13	11	11	11	13	11	13	21	25	25
Culture and Recreation										
Parks & Recreation	2	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	5	5
Farmer Lake	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	3	1	2
Library	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Water & Sewer										
Landfill	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Pump Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Elevated tanks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Elevated water pump station	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Source: County Finance Department



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co, P.A.



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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Caswell County Yanceyville, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Caswell County, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises Caswell County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2018. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Caswell County ABC Board, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by those auditors. The financial statements of Caswell County ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Caswell County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedure that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Caswell County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness. [2018-01].

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We did not identify any items that we considered significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Caswell County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Caswell County's Response to Findings

Caswell County's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

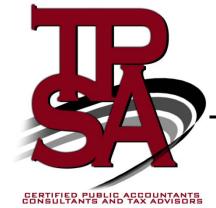
Thompson, Rice, Scott, adams & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A.

Whiteville, NC

November 30, 2018

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co, P.A.



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> Alan W. Thompson, CPA R. Bryon Scott, CPA Gregory S. Adams, CPA

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Federal Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Caswell County Yanceyville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Caswell County, North Carolina's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Caswell County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Caswell County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Caswell County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Caswell County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Caswell County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Caswell County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Caswell County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Caswell County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have direct and material effect on major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Rice, Scott, adams & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. Yanceyville, North Carolina

November 30, 2018

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co, P.A.



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> Alan W. Thompson, CPA R. Bryon Scott, CPA Gregory S. Adams, CPA

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major State Program And Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of County Commissioners Caswell County Yanceyville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Caswell County, North Carolina's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Caswell County's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Caswell County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Caswell County's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of Title 2 US *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Caswell County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Caswell County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, Caswell County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Caswell County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Caswell County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have and material effect on a major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charges with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Dice, Scott, adams & Co., P.A.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A.

Whiteville, NC

November 30, 2018

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmod	lified		
Internal control over financial reporting	;:		
• Material Weakness(es) identified?	<u>X</u> yes	no	
• Significant Deficiency(s) identified	yes	X none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial standard	atementsyes	<u>X</u> no	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major federal prog	grams:		
• Material Weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no	
• Significant Deficiency(s) identified	yes	X_none reported	
Noncompliance material to federal awa	rdsyes	<u>X</u> no	
Type of auditor's report issued on comp	liance for major fede	ral programs: Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are re reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200		no	
Identification of major federal program	s:		
<u>CFDA #</u> 93.778 14.871 14.239	Program Program		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish bet Type A and Type B Programs	ween	\$ 750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes	X no	

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA **Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs** For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

State Awards

Internal control over major State programs:		
• Material Weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
• Significant Deficiency(s) identified	yes	X none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on complianc State programs:	ee for major	Unmodified
Identification of major State programs:		
Program Name		
Medical Assistance		

School Nurse Funding Initiative

State Aid to Public Libraries

N.C. 911 Board Emergency PSAP Center Grant

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2018-01 Reconciliation of Records

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Criteria: AU-C 260 requires communication of certain matters related to internal control over financial reporting.

Condition: In reviewing records and testing certain account balances, we noted that several balance sheet accounts were not adequately reconciled. Several adjustments were proposed to correct those balances in preparing the financial statements.

Effect: Management may not receive accurate information to base decisions appropriately for planning and budgeting purposes.

Cause: The finance office has experienced turnover during the year, and adequate time and training has not been available to train staff of required procedures that should be followed as part of year-end closing.

Recommendation: The finance office should ensure adequate staff training is available to teach staff the required balances that should be reconciled as part of year-end closing procedures. Year end entries should be made by the finance staff prior to the beginning of audit work.

Views of responsible officials: The County agrees with this finding.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None Reported.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None Reported.



144 Court Square, Yanceyville, NC 27379 www.caswellcountync.gov

336/694-4193

Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding: 2018-01 Reconciliation of Records**

Name of contact person: Gwen Vaughn, Finance Officer

Corrective Action: The County recognizes the importance of timely account reviews (reconciliations) and balancing prior to year-end closing. Management will also stress the importance of completion of the accounting processes. Training will be ongoing for staff.

Proposed Completion Date: June 30, 2019

**This was a repeat finding.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Question Costs

None Reported.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Question Costs

None Reported.

CASWELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Finding: 2017-01

Repeated as 2018-01.

	Federal	State/ Pass-through	Fed (Direct &		Pass-through	
Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	Pass-through	State	to	Local
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	Expenditures	Subrecipients	Expenditures
Federal Awards:						
U.S. Dept. of Agriculture						
Passed-through N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services	:					
Division of Social Services: Administration:						
State Administrative Matching Grants for the	10.561		\$ 207,850	\$ -	s -	\$ 207,850
Supplemental Nutrition Asst. Prg.	10.501		\$ 207,830	.	ψ -	\$ 207,630
Passed-through N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services	:					
Division of Public Health						
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program	10.557		102 107			
for Women, Infants and Children Total U.S. Dept. of Agriculture	10.557		102,107 309,957			207,850
Total C.S. Dept. of Agriculture			307,731			207,650
US Department of Justice	4 6 = 40					
Edward Byrne Mem Justice Asst Program	16.738		20,399	-	-	-
Victims of Crime Act Total of US Department of Justice	16.575		68,373 88,772			
Total of OS Department of Justice			66,772			
Institute of Museum & Library Services						
Passed through Department of Natural and Cultural Resou State Library of North Carolina	rces					
LSTA Grants	45.310		4,796	_	_	
	15.510		.,,,,			
US Dept. of Health and Human Services						
Passed-through Piedmont Triad Regional Council of Gove Division of Aging and Adult Services	rnments					
Aging Cluster:						
Special Programs for the Aging Title IIIB	93.044		4,317	255	_	-
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers			,-			
Special Programs for the Aging Title IIIC	93.045		125,227	71,747	-	-
Nutrition Services						
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053		27,665			
Total Aging Cluster			157,209	72,002		
Family Caregiver Giver IIIE	93.052		9,263	617	-	-
Division of Social Services:						
Temporary Assistance Needy Family Cluster						
TANF - Work First	93.558		278,368	-	-	197,830
Division of Public Health						
TANF - Work First Total TANF Cluster	93.558		3,035 281,403			197,830
Total TAINF Cluster			281,403			197,830
Foster Care and Adoption Cluster:						
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658		150,059	24,509	-	112,856
Adoption Assistance	93.659 N/A		1,406 19,796	1,002	-	1,406
Foster Care Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster	IN/A		171,261	25,511		114,262
Total Toster Care and Maophon Claster			171,201			111,202
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		268,357	-	-	138,244
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance						
Administration	93.568		15,537	-	-	-
Energy Assistance - Direct Benefit Payments	93.568		104,400	-	-	-
Crisis Intervention Program	93.568		104,518			
Total Low-Income Energy Assistance			224,455			
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services						
Permanency Planning - Families for Kids	93.645		4,523			1,508
Total Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Serv	/ices		4,523			1,508
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		3,745	936	-	-
SSBG - Other Service and Training	93.667		140,872	_	_	46,957
Division of Aging and Adult Services	. 5.007		1.0,072			.0,737
Division of Social Services						
SSBG - State In Home Service Fund	93.667		10,227	-	-	1,461
CPS TANF TO SSBG Total Social Service Block Grant	93.667		35,759 186,858			48,418
Total Social Scivice Block Grafil			100,036			40,418

		State/					
	Federal	Pass-through		(Direct &		Pass-through	
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA Number	Grantor's Number		ss-through penditures	State Expenditures	to Subrecipients	Local Expenditures
Administration for Children and Families	Number	Nulliber	EX	benditures	Expellultures	Subrecipients	Expenditures
Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Serv	vices						
Subsidized Child Care:	. 1005						
Child Care Development Fund Cluster							
Division of Social Services:							
Child Care Development Fund - Administration Division of Child Development	93.596		\$	80,978	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Child Care and Development Block Grant- Discretionary	93.575			(1,925)	-	-	-
Child Care and Development Block Grant - Mandatory	93.596			(254)	-	-	-
Child Care and Development Block Grant - Match	93.596			26,156	13,172	-	-
Total Child Care Development Fund Cluster				104,955	13,172		
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558			353	-	-	-
State Appropriations	N/A			-	4,819	-	-
TANF-MOE Total Subsidized Child Care Cluster	N/A			105,308	(4,444) 13,547		
Describitions of the NCD and the CH 141 177	C						
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Health and Huma Division of Social Services Administration	an Services						
Medical Assistance Program	93.778			518,762	9,326		219,095
Total Medical Assistance Program				518,762	9,326		219,095
Division of Social Services Administration							
State Children's Insurance Program NC Health Choic	93.767			3,116	1	_	_
Total State Children's Insurance Program NC H				3,116	1		
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Health and Huma Division of Public Heath	an Services						
Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) and Public Emerg Preparedness (PHEP) Aligned Cooperative	93.074			29,766	-	-	-
Agreements Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for	93.116			21	-	-	-
Tuberculosis Control Programs Family Planning Services	93.217			17,742	_	_	_
PPHF Capacity Building Assistance to Strengthen	93.539			8,598	_	-	_
Public Health Immunization Infrastructure and							
Performance financed in part by Prevention and							
Public Health Funds Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant funded solely with Prevention and Public Health	93.758			33,795	-	-	-
Funds (PPHF) Preventive Health Services - Sexually Transmitted	93.977			42	_	-	-
Diseases Control Grants							
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant	93.994		_	20,821	15,618		
Total U. S. Department of Health and Human S	services			2,045,045	137,558		719,357
U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security							
Passed through the NC Dept. of Public Safety							
Emergency Management Performance Gran	97.042			38,642	-	-	-
Hazard Mitigation Grant Total U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security	97.039		_	55,082 93,724			
II C Department of Housing 0 IIII - Decelor				_	<u></u>		
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development North Carolina Housing Finance Agency							
Single Family Rehab Program	14.239			170,851	-	-	-
Office of Public and Indian Housing							
Lower Income Housing Assistance Program Section 8 Housing Voucher Program	14.871			888,632			
Total U.S. Dept. of Housing & Urban Develop				1,059,483			
Total C.S. Dept. of Housing & Orball Develop	110111			1,000,700			

	Federal	State/ Pass-through	Fed (Direct &		Pass-through	
Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	Pass-through	State	to	Local
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	<u>Expenditures</u>	Expenditures	Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation						
Passed through the N.C. Department of Transportation						
Nonurbanized Area Formula Program	20.509	36233.19.15.1		\$ 1,037	\$ -	\$ -
Nonurbanized Area Formula Program	20.509	36233.19.16.1	90,211	5,638	-	-
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with	20.513	51001.57.4.3	234	29	-	-
Disabilities	20.512	51001 57 5 2	11 670	1 450		
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with	20.513	51001.57.5.3	11,672	1,459	-	-
Disabilities Total H. G. D			120 221	0.162		
Total U. S. Department of Transportation			130,231	8,163		
Total Federal Awards			\$ 3,732,008	\$ 145,721	\$ -	\$ 927,207
State Awards:						
N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services						
Division of Public Health						
Food and Lodging Fees			-	5,324	-	-
General Aid to Counties			-	80,107	-	-
General Communicable Disease Control			-	10,911	-	-
Child Health			-	9,480	-	-
HIV/STD State			-	500	-	-
Gonorrhea Partner Services			-	427	-	-
STD Drugs			-	179	-	-
School Nurse Funding Initiative			-	200,000	-	-
HMHC - Family Planning			-	4,410	-	-
Maternal Health			-	2,883	-	-
Women's Health Service Fund			-	5,887	-	-
TB Control				2,199		
Total for Division of Public Health				322,307		
Division of Social Services:						
CP&L Energy Assistance		N/A	-	8,044	-	-
State Foster Home		N/A	-	24,537	-	24,537
State Child Welfare/CPS/CS LD		N/A	-	13,715	-	-
County Funded Programs		N/A	-	-	-	441,298
Work First Non Reimbursable		N/A				56
Total for Division of Social Services				46,296		465,891
Division of Aging and Adult Services						
State Funds In Home Services			-	54,049	-	-
Caregiver Match			-	682	-	-
Senior Center Purpose				3,501		
Total for Division of Aging and Adult Services				58,232		
Total N.C. Dept. Health and Human Services				426,835	-	465,891
N. C. Dept. of Environmental Quality						
Division of Soil and Water Conservation						
Soil Technician Grant			-	24,478	-	-
Division of Waste Management						
Scrap Tire Program		N/A	-	31,640	-	-
White Goods Disposal				2,158		
Total N.C. Dept. of Environmental Quality				58,276		
N.C. Dept. of Veterans Affairs						
Veteran Grant		N/A	-	2,175	-	-
N.C. Dont of Transportation						
N.C. Dept. of Transportation Purel Operating Assistance Program (P.O.A.P.)						
Rural Operating Assistance Program (ROAP)		36220.10.7.1		56 041		
- ROAP Elderly and Disabled Transportation		30220.10.7.1	-	56,941	-	-
Assistance Program		2/220 22 = :		## C C C C		
- ROAP Rural General Public Program		36228.22.7.1	-	59,023	-	-
- ROAP Work First Transitional - Employment		36236.11.6.1		7,539		
Total N.C. Dept. of Transportation				123,503		
N.C. Dept. of Public Safety						
Office of Juvenile Justice Youth Services						
JCPC Administration		N/A	_	97,534	_	-
Total N.C Dept. of Public Safety				97,534		_
						-

		State/				
	Federal	Pass-through	Fed (Direct &		Pass-through	
Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	Pass-through	State	to	Local
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures	Expenditures	Subrecipients	Expenditures
N.C. Department of Commerce						
Rural Economic Development Civic Center			•	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ -
Total N.C. Department of Commerce			<u> </u>	50,000	50,000	
Total IV.C. Department of Commerce				50,000	50,000	
N. C. Council for Women/Domestic Violence Commission						
Domestic Violence			_	22,928	_	_
Marriage License			_	20,320	_	_
Family Violence			-	45,365	-	-
Total N.C. Council for Women/Domestic				88,613		
Violence Commission						
N. C. Department of Cultural and Natural Resources						
Division of State Library						
State Aid to Public Libraries			-	87,352	-	-
N.G. OH P I						
N.C. 911 Board				220.552		
N.C. 911 Board Emergency PSAP Center Grant				220,553		
Total N.C. Department of Public Safety				220,553		
Total State Awards			s -	\$ 1,104,841	\$ 50,000	\$ 465.891
				÷ -,-01,011		<u> </u>
Total Federal and State Awards			\$ 3,732,008	\$ 1,250,562	\$ 50,000	\$ 1,393,098

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the Federal and State grant activity of Caswell County under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Caswell County. it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in nets assets or cash flows of Caswell County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

Caswell County has elected not to use the 10-precent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4: Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: Subsidized Child Care and Foster Care and Adoption.